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JESUS, NAME ABOVE ALL NAMES



"For this reason also, God highly exalted Him, and bestowed on Him the name which is above every name..." (Phil. 2:9, NASB).

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Editorial

Jesus: The Name Above Every Name

by Bruce Reeves

There could be no more explicit affirmation of the divinity of Jesus Christ as Lord and King than Philippians 2:9-11, a beautiful Scripture that declares His exalted status: "God bestowed on Him a name which is above every name."

Introduction

For this reason also, God highly exalted Him, and bestowed on Him the name which is above every name, so that at the name of Jesus EVERY KNEE WILL BOW, of those who are in heaven and on earth and under the earth, and that every tongue will confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father (Phil. 2:9–11, NASB).

The gospel story of salvation portrays Jesus in His creative power, divine humility, sacrificial offering, priestly compassion, glorious reign, and righteous judgment. We must come to see the fullness of Jesus Christ as our Lord, King, Savior, High Priest, and Judge. It is not merely a theological question that we are pursuing in this theme, but the transformation of our hearts and lives through a robust and rich understanding of Jesus Christ (Rom. 12:1-2; 2 Cor. 3:18; 2 Pet. 1: 3-4).

In a world that boasts of its pluralism, diversity, and subjectivism, Jesus Christ continues to shine as "the light of the world" (John 8:12), "the bread of life" (John 6:48), "the living water" (John 4:10), "the way, the truth, and the life" (John 14:6), "the good Shepherd" (John 10:14), "the true vine" (John 15:1), "the Lamb of God" (John 1:29), and the "Son of God" (John 1:34). Firstcentury Christians lived in a society that was much like our culture today. The gospel's message is a counter-cultural declaration of the Christ who convicts, challenges, and leads us to spiritual restoration (John 16:7-14). Before we can preach the conditions and blessings

of salvation, we must proclaim Jesus Christ in all of His grace, power, and truth (John 1:14-18).

The Name Above Every Name: Jesus Reveals the Identity of God

As the apostle Paul encouraged believers in Philippi to "have the mind of Christ" (Phil. 2:5), we see God's heart on full display in the life of His Son. As One Who was, is, and always will be truly God. Christ revealed the faithful love of YHWH. In His incarnation. Jesus was not acting out of step with the nature of God; rather, He was demonstrating the essence of the perfections of His Father (John 1:18; 14:9; Heb. 1:3). The psalmist praises God's love and concern for His creation, "Who is like the Lord our God, who is enthroned on high, who humbles Himself to behold the things that are in heaven and in the earth? He raises the poor from the dust and lifts the needy from the ash heap. . ." (Ps. 113:5-7). Our generosity and grace toward brethren in Christ are grounded in our understanding of Jesus's sacrifice, "For you know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, that though He was rich, yet for your sake, He became poor, so that you through His poverty might become rich" (2 Cor. 8:9).

Thus, the apostle highlights Christ's great sacrifice when he writes, "Who, being in the form of God, did not consider it robbery to be equal with God, but made Himself of no reputation, taking the form of a bondservant, and coming in the likeness of men. And being found in appearance as a man, He humbled Himself *and* became *obedient to the point of death*, even the death of the cross" (Phil. 2:6-8).

The Exaltation of the Suffering Savior

God has recognized and vindicated Jesus's self-humbling as the display of true divinity. Thus, the acknowledgment and worship of Jesus as Lord is the only right response to our Savior. Paul praises Jesus as Lord, saying, "For this reason also, God highly exalted Him, and bestowed on Him the name which is above every name, so that at the name of Jesus every knee will bow, of those who are in heaven and on earth and under the earth, and that every tongue will confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father" (Phil. 2:9-11).

It is difficult to read these verses and not see Isaiah 40-55 as the biblical prism through which Paul viewed the suffering Servant of this poem. In fact, Philippians 2:9-11 and Isaiah 45:23 are integrated quite beautifully by the inspired fabric of Scripture. God says through Isaiah, "Turn to Me and be saved, all the ends of the earth; for I am God, and there is no other. I have sworn by Myself, the word has gone forth from My mouth in righteousness and will not turn back, that to Me every knee will bow, every tongue will swear allegiance" (Isa. 45:22-23). Paul uses similar language but identifies Jesus Christ with Isaiah's usage of YHWH when he writes, "So that at the name of Jesus every knee will bow... and every tongue will confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of

God the Father" (Phil. 2:10-11). There could be no more explicit affirmation of the divinity of Jesus Christ as Lord and King than this beautiful section of Scripture.

Jesus's exaltation fulfilled the Old Testament prophecies concerning the coming of the Messianic King (Ps. 2:1-12; Acts 13:33-36; Dan. 7:13-14; Acts 2:29-36). He has all authority as Lord and Christ (Acts 2:36). Some seem to think that we can magnify Jesus while minimizing the need for having Scriptural authority in our worship, work, and activity as God's people, yet nothing could be further from the truth. In Matthew 8:5-13, we read of a Gentile centurion who desperately wished to help his sick servant. He had full confidence in Christ's powerful word to heal (Matt. 8:8). He explained that he had trusted in Jesus because he knew how authority worked (Matt. 8:9). When Jesus commended him, He said, "Truly I say to you, I have not found such great faith with anyone in Israel" (Matt. 8:10). To preach the exalted Christ is to declare His authority, and to declare His authority is to preach faith in Christ (Col. 3:17)! Our victorious King is our gracious Liberator and sacrificial Savior-His name is above every name!

How Is His Name Above Every Name?

To speak of God's name is not merely to refer to a designation but to identify the sum of the Lord's attributes, the perfection of His character, faithfulness, sovereignty, love, and holiness. Moses wrote, "For I proclaim the name of the Lord; ascribe the greatness to our God! The Rock! His work is perfect, for all His ways are just; a God of faithfulness without injustice, righteous and upright is He" (Deut. 32:3-4). The parallelism of Isaiah helps us understand the true meaning of the name of the Lord as an expression of the identity of God: "Let him trust in the name of the Lord and rely on His God" (Isa. 50:10). To trust in His name is to rely on who God is in His steadfast love and power. Thus, when the New Testament speaks of the name

of Christ, it is speaking of His person, power, authority, and faithfulness (Acts 2:38; 4:12; 10:48; Col. 3:17). The apostles were sent to baptize men and women into a covenant relationship with the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit by resting on the authority of Jesus Christ (Matt. 28:18-19; Acts 2:38). This does not speak of a baptismal formula; it speaks of relationship, fellowship, and communion with God. The Jesus that offered Himself for us has been exalted "far above all rule and authority and power and dominion, and every name that is named, not only in this age, but the age to come..." (Eph. 1:21).

Conclusion

As we consider "Jesus: The Name Above Every Name," Tyler Sams explores the New Testament's presentation of Jesus Christ as our divine Creator. and Shawn Chancellor helps us see the revelation of God's heart in the incarnation of Christ as the Messianic Servant. Jeff Wilson leads us into a deeper appreciation for Jesus as the great sacrificial Lamb of God who came to take away the sin of the world. Dan King guides us in consideration of the greatness of our compassionate High Priest in Hebrews. Shane Carrington helps us see Christ as conquering King in the book of Matthew, and Robert Harkrider points our minds toward Jesus as the righteous Judge in Revelation. Let us come to know Jesus in all of His fullness, beauty, and power!



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Bruce Reeves

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Meditations



by Kyle Pope

Even in the Lord's church, folks sometimes feel isolated from others with whom they should feel connected. Let us consider the causes and the cure to such problems.

Introduction

My wife and I recently watched a six-part documentary on the British royal family entitled The Royal House of Windsor (UK: Channel 4 Television Corporation, 2017). While we were both fascinated to learn more about the history of this family that has captivated the interest of the West for over a century, I was particularly intrigued by a detail I learned about the husband of Oueen Elizabeth II: Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh. He was the great-great-grandson of Queen Victoria (1819-1901). He was born with the official title, Prince Philip of Greece and Denmark. and was in the line of succession to the thrones of both Greece and Denmark. Like many European royal families of that time, he is related to other royal families across national lines. He and his wife (the current Queen of England) are actually third cousins through Queen Victoria and second cousins once removed through King Christian IX of Denmark. After the fall of other monarchies, his family's exile from Greece, and the anti-German sentiments that followed World War I, Philip's German family heritage posed a problem. His family name was originally Battenberg but was changed to Mountbatten to avoid its German-sounding connotations. Yet, when Philip married into the house of Windsor. although he was of royal descent, he would be viewed as an outsider throughout most of his life. The episode in the documentary focusing on Philip was entitled "Enter the Outsider." So, a royal prince and husband of a nation's sovereign was an outsider within his own family!

The Challenge

Many people experience times and situations in life when they feel like outsiders. Sadly, even within the church, this happens all too often. It can happen to...

Those Not Raised in Christian Homes.

It is a blessing to have godly parents who work to bring their children up "in the training and admonition of the Lord" (Eph. 6:4, NKJV). However, those not blessed with this experience can feel isolated and different. They have no idea what it is like to have believing parents and siblings who offer examples of faith. When around others who enjoy this blessing, they can feel like outsiders.

Those with No Family in the Church.

Times of worship are an essential source of encouragement. It is a time to "consider one another in order to stir up love and good works" (Heb. 10:24). Those with family who share their faith can be especially encouraged to see those of their own common blood demonstrating "common faith" (Titus 1:4), hoping for a

"common salvation" (Jude 3). However, for those who do not have family who attend the same congregation, they can easily feel left out, neglected, or even envious, wishing they, too, could receive such encouragement.

Those Who Are from a Different Place or Background.

Many people relocate because of jobs or family and find themselves living in places far different from where they were raised. While people share a similar nature, regardless of their nature, different upbringing and background produce different ways of speaking, doing things, and even adopt different customs and traditions. Like the test used by the men of Gilead to discover Ephraimite imposters, whether one says it "Shibboleth" or "Sibboleth" can make fellow Christians feel like outsiders (cf. Judg. 12:5-6).

Those Who Are New to the Faith.

A new convert does not know all of the unspoken norms and practices mature Christians do without thinking. Is certain clothing inappropriate? Should I avoid certain words and expressions? Are there habits I need to quit? Mature Christians should always approach babes in Christ with "compassion, making a distinction" between the unlearned and the rebel



(Jude 22). Still, until those things become familiar, the soul new to the faith can feel ostracized as an outsider.

Those Who Have Seen Traditions Change over Time.

While the gospel does not change but is "once for all delivered to the saints" (Jude 3), while Jesus is "the same vesterday, today, and forever" (Heb. 13:8), customs and traditions regarding matters of judgment in serving Christ through the gospel do change. Perhaps a brother or sister was used to certain meeting times that are now different. Perhaps an individual was used to certain clothes always being worn to times of worship and Bible study. Perhaps a church website, live streaming, or projecting songs during worship are unfamiliar and new to them. To see these kinds of things change, and everything around them be so different, can be a lonely feeling.

We might notice from the situations described above that feeling like an outsider is not unique to only Christians of a particular age, maturity, or history within a congregation. Those who have been Christians for years can feel this way. Those who have been long time members of a congregation can feel this way. Those of great visibility within a congregation can feel this way, as well as new members.

The Solution

While it may be common, at times, for Christians to feel this way, it is important to recognize that this is not how it should be. As the Bible teaches it, in Christ...

All Are One.

The apostle Paul told the saints in Galatia, "For as many of you as were baptized into Christ have put on Christ. There is neither Jew nor Greek, there is neither slave nor free, there is neither male nor female; for you are all one in Christ Jesus" (Gal 3:27-28). Although sometimes, as a Christian, I might feel like an outsider, the reality is that in becoming a Christian, I am automatically one with all others who genuinely belong to Christ. Unless I choose to depart from the faith, I am "one" with all others who are "in Christ Jesus."

All Belong.

As Christians, Paul says of our identity: "Now you are the body of Christ, and members individually" (1 Cor. 12:27). The Christian belongs to the body of Christ and to all others who belong to Him. As such, we have a function outlined by God. Paul explained that the "whole body" is "joined and knit together by what every joint supplies, according to the effective working by which every part does its share, causes growth of the body for the edifying of itself in love" (Eph. 4:16). Whether I (or other members) fulfill our function, it does not change the fact that I have a function. I belong!

No One Is an Outsider.

In addressing Gentiles in the Ephesian church. Paul described a time when they were outsiders. He wrote, "Therefore remember that you, once Gentiles in the flesh, who are called Uncircumcision by what is called the Circumcision made in the flesh by hands, that at that time you were without Christ, being aliens from the commonwealth of Israel and strangers from the covenants of promise, having no hope and without God in the world" (Eph. 2:11-12). Yet, having come to Christ, he explains further, "But now in Christ Jesus, you who once were far off have been brought near by the blood of Christ" (Eph. 2:13). For Christians, the condition of being an outsider is a past condition. No one in Christ is an outsider any longer.

No One Is Ever Truly Alone.

As Peter encouraged brethren to withstand Satan, he urged them, "Resist him, steadfast in the faith, knowing that the same sufferings are experienced by your brotherhood in the world" (1 Pet. 5:9). Whether it is feelings of isolation or sin, generally, we take courage in the fact that Christians throughout the world face the "same sufferings." Yet, Peter describes us as a "brotherhood." We are part of a family of believers that spreads throughout the world. Unfortunately, our brothers and sisters may not always stand with us as they should, but we are never alone even when this happens. Paul wrote, "At my first defense no one stood with me, but all forsook me. May it not be charged against them. But the Lord stood with me and strengthened me, so that the message might be preached fully through me, and that all the Gentiles might hear. And I was delivered out of the mouth of the lion" (2 Tim. 4:16-17).

Conclusion

Do you feel like an outsider? If you have never obeyed the gospel, you are? Yet, it does not have to remain that way. Turn to Christ in faith and obedience. and you will gain a connection to a family of faith, unlike anything you have ever known (cf. Eph. 3:14-19). As a Christian, do you feel like an outsider? Recognize that you are not the first to feel that way (cf. Ps. 142:4). It may be that the very brothers and sisters from which you feel isolated struggle with the same feelings. Reach out to them. Be to them what you wish you could feel from them. If you do not feel like an outsider, great; but recognize the vital role you can play in helping others overcome this obstacle to faith (Rom. 12:15). Look around you. Reach out to those who may not feel as connected as you do. Be a source of encouragement and inclusion to a brother or sister who needs it. You may never know what spiritual help you can be to others by doing that. 🎹



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Kyle Pope

Teaching Our Children: The Law of Review & Application

by Aleta Samford

"That which is thoroughly and repeatedly reviewed is woven into the very fabric of our thoughts and becomes a part of our equipment of knowledge. Not what a pupil has once learned and recited, but what he permanently remembers and uses is the correct measure of his achievement" (Gregory, 120).

We come now to the conclusion of this series. This has been about observing certain laws. Laws are unchangeable and dependable, like the law of gravity or the laws of nature. We have covered the laws for the teacher, the learner, the language, the lesson, the teaching process, and the learning process, but we have not finished our work unless we acknowledge and include this last law.

"All that has been accomplished lies hidden in the minds of the pupils and lies there as potential, rather than as a possession" (Gregory, 115).

Everything contained in the mind of the student awaits further thinking; the Law of Review and Application is where this thought potential is turned into active habits. It states, "The completion, test and confirmation of the work of teaching must be made by review and application" (Gregory, 115-116).

This law is about perfecting and confirming the knowledge that was presented, making it ready and useful. No time in teaching is better spent than going back over the material. Realize, however, especially for the older child, that reviewing is more than mere repetition where the second movement is exactly like the first, as with a machine. The repetition that involves learning is the revisiting and rethinking of a thought. It involves fresh perspectives and new associations. Its goal is to empower the learner.

Repeated exposure helped the lesson unfold in our minds; repeated exposure will help it clearly unfold in our students' minds. A fresh lesson may catch our attention, and its newness may even amaze us, but we must return, again and again, if we want to see all there is in it and come to a proper understanding of its meaning.

In the time between classes and lesson presentations, our subconscious mind continues to process the material. Reviewing the material from different angles when the class meets again will help your students hear it in a way that deepens their understanding. Children must apply knowledge or else they will "always [be] learning but never able to come to a knowledge of the truth" (2 Tim. 3:7).

Again, are reviews important? The inspired apostle Peter thought so: "For this reason, I will not be negligent to *remind* you always of these things, though you know and are established in the present truth" (2 Pet. 1:12). As we have pointed out along the way, these principles are primarily found in the Scriptures.

In conclusion, "The study of these laws may not make of every reader a perfect teacher; but the laws themselves, when fully observed in use, will produce their effects with the same certainty that chemical laws generate the compounds of chemical elements, or that the laws of life produce the growth of the body" (Gregory, 128).

What fruits can you hope to produce from your labors in applying these laws of teaching? With all confidence in God's word, and having tested Mr. Gregory's work for years, I believe this for you: Your students will *hear* God when He calls them through His word because you would have taught them how to listen to you, and therefore to Him. They will *believe* that Jesus is the Son of God because you would have taught them how to seek out and think about spiritual things.

In thinking God's thoughts, they will *repent* as they learn the value of knowing the difference between right and wrong. Understanding that they are sinners, they will *confess* Jesus as the Son of God and their Savior. The next natural step will be obedience in *baptism*.

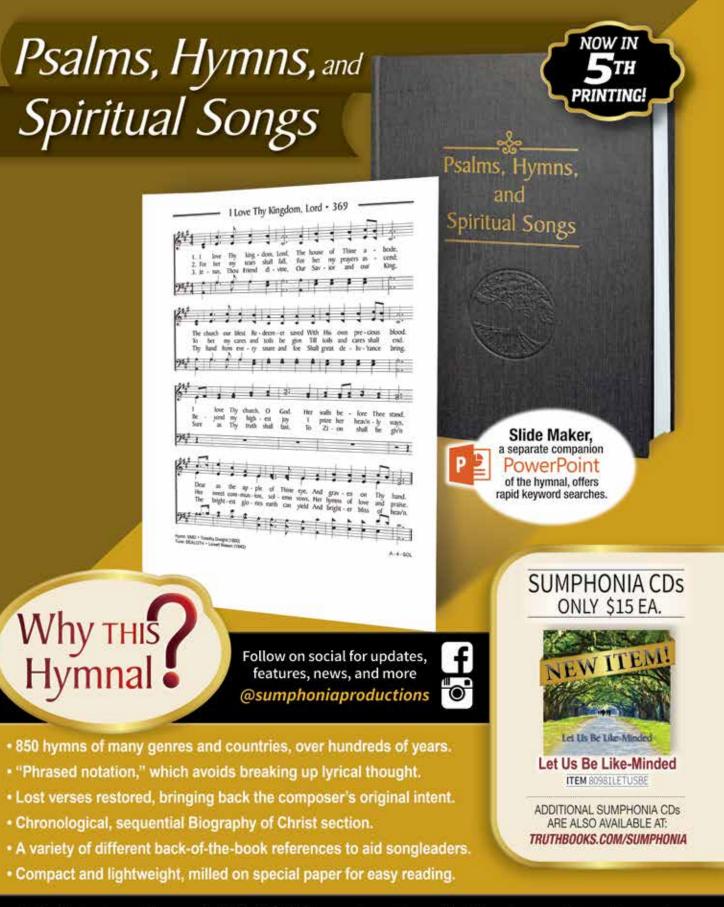
Because you challenged them to solve problems and recognize God's thoughts as the answer to daily trials, they will come to God's conclusions instead of their own, and they will *live faithfully*. They will be able to say with confidence, "Thy word I have hidden in my heart that I might not sin against you" (Ps. 119:11).

It has been my pleasure to share this material with you. May God receive all the glory as we learn better how to take His word to the heart of our children.



Aleta Samford

Aleta is the wife of Gene Samford who preaches for the church that meets in Kemp, TX. She has taught Bible classes for forty-five years. To help other women join the ranks, she presents a one-day class based on God's word, The Seven Laws of Teaching, and her own experiences. She may be reached at aletas10@ sbcglobal.net.



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Conclusion (Romans 16)

by David Flatt

In this final article, David concludes his examination of Paul's epistle to the Romans. We thank brother Flatt for the excellent articles that he has submitted over the past 4+ years. His contributions have been greatly appreciated.

Introduction

In the last chapter of Romans, Paul identifies an extensive list of names. The only list of comparable length is found in Colossians 4. Some may be tempted to ignore this collection of strange names. However, this list gives clues into the fascinating dynamic of saints and churches in Rome.

A Recommendation & Greetings (Rom. 16:1-16)

Paul identifies over twenty names and one unnamed woman: Rufus's mother. We know more about some than others. We know little about Aristobulus and Narcissus. Scholarly opinions differ on whether they were Christians. Paul refers to them as heads of large households, many of which contained Christians. Also, Priscilla and Aguila are identified. First mentioned in Acts 18, having been exiled from Rome, they went to Corinth where they met Paul. By the time the apostle wrote this letter, the couple had returned to Rome after Emperor Nero eased Claudius's expulsion order.

This exhaustive list demonstrates Paul's love for these saints. He looked forward to seeing them. While Paul had not been to Rome, he had crossed paths with these saints in their respective works. Christians who have traveled in the work of evangelism can appreciate the rich relationships that result from their labors.

This list of names gives us a sense of the dynamic of the saints and churches in Rome. Five or more churches met in the homes of some of the saints listed: (1) Priscilla and Aquila, (2) Aristobulus and Narcissus, (3) people with Asyncritus and the others in verse fourteen, (4) those with Philologus, and (5) the others in verse fifteen.

This section concludes with Paul telling them to "greet one another with a holy kiss." Much has been discussed about this kiss. If we understand the dynamic of the saints in Rome meeting in several churches in homes, this could be Paul's way of telling these churches to extend fellowship to one another. This coincides with Paul's purpose of uniting saints by faith in Christ (Rom. 14-15).

Lastly, one striking feature of Paul's personal greetings is the importance of women in the work of evangelism. Paul begins this list by recommending a woman: Phoebe. She did not live in Rome, but rather in Cenchrea, the port seven miles east of Corinth. Perhaps this is where Paul stayed when he wrote this letter.

Phoebe had been an essential help to Paul and many other saints. She is described as being a helper, patron, and or benefactor (translations vary), indicating that she was more than a casual assistant to Paul. Terms like "patron" and "benefactor" were used to describe a class of people who went to great lengths to provide for others' well-being. Such individuals used their funds for public works. We still use the term today to describe wealthy people funding public projects. Some have suggested that Phoebe worked in an official capacity in the church as a deacon/deaconess. While *diakonos* is used here, this term is not contextually used to identify the office of deacon as used in 1 Timothy 3. A woman cannot meet the qualifications for this official position in a local church. The offices of elder and deacon are exclusively reserved for male Christians who meet specific criteria (cf. 1 Tim. 3 & Titus 1).

While she was not in an official leadership position in a church, Phoebe was a servant whom Paul trusted. She was traveling to Rome in some kind of business. Paul tells the saints at Rome to help her in whatever she asked of them. She is believed to have delivered Paul's letter to the saints in Rome.

Phoebe and the other women named in this chapter and elsewhere in Paul's letters indicate the indispensable value of women in the work of the gospel. Never underestimate the ability of women to share in the honorable work of evangelism. While their roles are different from men regarding leadership in the local church, we must not hinder them from using the gifts of God's grace to expand His kingdom (Rom. 12:3-21).

Be Wise in Good & Innocent in Evil (Rom. 16:17-23)

Jesus once told His followers to be wise as serpents and harmless as doves (Matt. 10:16). Paul offers similar encouragement to the saints in Rome: "I want you to be wise in what is good and innocent in what is evil." They needed to grow in love for one another while being realistic about the dangers of false teachers.

Dealing with false teachers is not easy. As Jesus warned, they are wolves in sheep's clothing (Matt. 7:15). However, we must be cautious in our approach to identifying false teachers. To use an expression, we must not fleece the Lord's sheep in the process of looking for a wolf. Some brethren are too quick to condemn. We should not casually employ the term, "false teacher," in situations where brethren agree on biblical principles, but may differ in areas of applications. We should give others the benefit of the doubt. New converts need time to grow. Discipleship involves a commitment to lifelong learning. With the passage of time, our understanding deepens, foggy or faulty concepts become more clear. Aguila and Priscilla's approach toward Apollos serves as an example of how saints today can lovingly assist a brother who is uninformed/misinformed about

some point of doctrine (Acts 18:24-28). Apollos just needed help. He manifested humility and receptiveness. In contrast, the false teachers of Romans 16:17-18 were not merely mistaken, they were malicious.

These false teachers had a hidden agenda-causing division and dissension. They use oratory and personality to gain popularity, engaging in self-promotion and preying on the naïve. Instead of serving the Messiah, they are idolaters. Paul warns the saints to note such people and avoid them. They are destructive. Paul assures them that, in a short time, the God of peace would crush Satan underfoot. This is a veiled reference to the fulfillment of God's promise in the Garden of Eden (Gen. 3:15). The risen Lord would crush Satan. We can share in God's victory by believing the gospel. Being deceived by a false teacher will only ensure us sharing in Satan's defeat.

To encourage the saints in dealing with false teachers, Paul reminds them of their original learning. The doctrines of false teachers were contrary to what these brethren had first been taught. They had been taught the gospel. Paul was confident in their education because he knew their teachers. Some of them were identified in Romans 16:1-16. There was an agreed-upon standard that these teachers upheld (1 Cor. 15:3-8). The gospel was the standard by which they were to live and appraise another's message. Paul petitions that God's grace be with them. Like the admonition that Paul gave the Ephesian elders, God's grace was sufficient to protect them from false teaching (Acts 20:32).

Paul finishes the letter by extending greetings from several more saints who were with him, mainly Timothy. Paul allowed the scribe of the letter to identify himself: Tertius. Given the length and detail of this letter, having the scribe identify himself seems

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appropriate. We might well imagine that Tertius could tell some fascinating stories about his time with Paul. Tertius was the "fly on the wall." Also, Gaius and the whole church send greetings to the saints in Rome. Finally, Erastus, the Chamberlin of Corinth, sends greetings. Erastus was a wealthy, influential saint in whose home the church at Corinth likely met. There is a stone in Corinth upon which Erastus's name is engraved.

The End (Rom. 16:24-27)

Sometimes, as preachers, we struggle to end a sermon. It is as if we simply cannot stop talking. We inform our audience of our sermon's conclusion, but we continue to speak. Paul had a similar habit. The opening line of Philippians 3 begins, "Finally, brethren." Then, Paul wrote another two chapters.

Paul has already concluded the letter in 15:7-13, but kept on writing. Now, he offers a final blessing to the saints in Rome. Unlike the words of a rambling preacher, Paul's final blessing is carefully constructed. The foundation of this final blessing is "to God be the glory forever." In his commentary on this passage, N.T. Wright offers several insightful points about Paul's conclusion (141-142).

First, God is described in terms of what He can do for the saints in Rome. He can give them strength through the gospel. This is what would sustain them in Rome. Second, what happened in the gospel is a fulfillment of the age-old story of God, Israel, and the world. The gospel is the fulfillment of God's eternal plan of human redemption. Third, the gospel has been spread around the world to produce obedience through faith.

Next, Paul builds another two-point layer on this foundation. First, the gospel has been made known through prophetic writings, which Paul has consistently demonstrated throughout this letter. Second, the gospel, having been made known through the prophets, resulted from the command of God. To this point, Peter described the Holy Spirit as the originator of the prophets' writings (2 Pet. 1:21). The gospel was not a human invention. The gospel reveals a wise God.

Lastly, Paul writes, "To the only wise God, through Jesus the Messiah?" Much like today, there were thought to be many sources of wisdom in the ancient world. Paul assures the saints at Rome that wisdom is exclusively found in the Creator. God's love and wisdom have been unveiled to humanity in the form of Jesus the Messiah. Through the gospel, all can be led to obedience to the only wise God through faith in what He accomplished in His Son, Jesus, our Lord.

My Final Thoughts

Over the past three years, Mark Mayberry has allowed me to present articles for the Doctrine Column. I am grateful for the opportunity he extended. Also, I am grateful to everyone who has read my articles. I am humbled to know that you have taken the time to read what I have written. I hope my efforts have contributed in some way to helping us more brightly reflect the glory of our good God.

In this monthly column, we have covered a lot of ground. We explored the Sermon on the Mount for two years. The heart of our Savior is revealed in this timeless treasure. For the past year, we have examined Paul's crown jewel: Romans. These respective projects have led me to two conclusions.

First, we must take a holistic approach to the Bible to appreciate the gospel. Jesus is the fulfillment of what began in Genesis. The Law, Psalms, and Prophets are the context of the Messiah. Jesus said the Scriptures testified of Him (John 5:39). He did not specify a couple of proof texts. Instead, He implied that the entirety of the Old Testament testified of Him.

As a trained Jewish rabbi, Paul recognized that Jesus fulfilled more than just a couple of "Messianic prophecies." Instead, the apostle frequently states that He fulfilled the Scriptures in their entirety (Rom. 1:2; 1 Cor. 15:1-4). All the promises of God were fulfilled in Him (2 Cor. 1:20). Jesus cannot be properly understood if we separate Him from the Old Testament. Therefore, we must aspire to share in Jesus's and Paul's understanding of the Scriptures for the sake of our faith in God (Eph. 3:1-4).

Second, we cannot overemphasize Jesus in our study, teaching, and preaching. Once we can appreciate how Jesus fulfilled God's redemptive plan for humanity, we can more clearly focus on Him. Becoming like Jesus is how we reflect God's glory in all the earth. Being more like Jesus only yields positive results. Being like Jesus is how we attract others to Him (Matt. 5:16). Being like Jesus is how our churches will grow. Being more like Jesus will produce better elderships, more effective preachers, and more devoted Christians. Being more like Jesus will make better marriages and better parents. Everything and everyone is made better by being more like Jesus.

In closing, as our faith grows by following Jesus's example and submitting to the teaching of the Spirit, may we share in Paul's praise of our Creator:

Oh, the depth of the riches and wisdom and knowledge of God! How unsearchable are his judgments and how inscrutable his ways! "For who has known the mind of the Lord, or who has been his counselor?" "Or who has given a gift to him that he might be repaid?" For from him and through him and to him are all things. To him be glory forever. Amen (Rom. 11:33-36, ESV).

Sources

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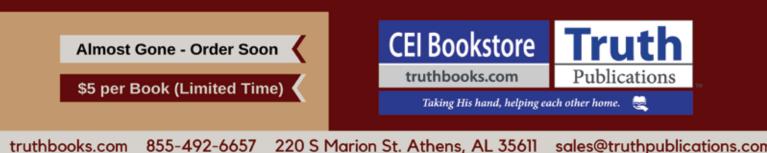
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Examples of Reverence

by Matthew Bassford

Reverence is reflected in our obedience (Heb. 11:7), worship (Heb. 12:28), and in sharing the gospel with others (1 Pet. 3:15). Matthew surveys Sacred Scripture for examples of those who exemplified reverence and those who did not.

In creating their pantheons, the ancient pagans imagined gods who were much like themselves. The Greek and Roman gods frequently engaged in family spats, committed adultery, and were given to jealousy and pettiness. The God of the Bible is very different. We are created in His image, not vice versa, and we no more capture the fullness of His nature than a statue captures the fullness of the nature of a man. God has done many extraordinary things, but one of the most mind-boggling of all is that, through Him, the Word became flesh and dwelt among us. I accept that in Jesus, the fullness of deity was contained in bodily form, but I cannot comprehend it!

God is very different from us, unimaginably greater, so it is right for the creature to worship and revere the Creator. Presumably, every reader of this article regularly worships God, but our very familiarity with worship can blind us to the depth of the reverence that we ought to be exhibiting. Apart from the blood of Jesus, none of us has any business anywhere near the throne of the Holy One.

If we have any doubt about this, we should consider the behavior of those who were permitted to see a vision of God. No man can see God and live, so even the men who experienced the great theophanies of Scripture did not encounter His reality. In Ezekiel 1:28, the prophet reports that he saw "the appearance of the likeness of the glory of the Lord." Ezekiel and the rest beheld only the shadow of a shadow of a shadow of the majesty and dread of God.

Nonetheless, to a man, the shadow of a shadow of a shadow of the divine overwhelmed them. In the same verse, Ezekiel recalls that he fell on his face and stood up only when God told him to get up. The same thing happens to John when he encounters Jesus in Revelation 1:17. During the dedication of Solomon's temple in 2 Chronicles 7:1-3, the people bow low and worship when they see the glory of the Lord fill His house.

In Isaiah 6:5, Isaiah describes what it feels like to meet God. He cries out, "Woe to me, for I am ruined! Because I am a man of unclean lips, and I live among a people of unclean lips, for my eyes have seen the King, the Lord of hosts."

Isaiah was a righteous man. From the beginning to the end of his career, he served God faithfully. However, every imperfection in his life was harshly exposed in the light of God's perfect purity and holiness. The man who proclaimed the word of the Lord exclaimed over the uncleanness of his lips! Once more, only a display of mercy from God allows him to continue.

None of us should believe that we are any more righteous than our fathers. If God were to reveal the merest fragment of Himself to us, we, too, would be reduced to abject terror. The experience of modern warfare is shattering, and veterans commonly have post-traumatic stress disorder. How much more shattering must it be to be exposed to more power than any human ever will unleash! Of course, it is appointed to man once to die, and after that comes the judgment. All of us will experience God not just in metaphor but in His true fullness, and before Him, every knee will bow, and every tongue will confess. We do well to prepare for the day when we will see God by showing Him proper reverence now, even though we cannot see Him.

Indeed, this behavior is evident in the most devoted worshipers among God's people, even when He has not revealed Himself. Look, for instance, at the worship of the people of Judah after Ezra's sermon at the Water Gate, in Nehemiah 9:1-3. Here there is no theophany, but all the other parts of the theophany pattern are present. The people acknowledge their unworthiness. They confess their sins. They worship. In fact, in Nehemiah 8:9-12, we even see the Levites having to prompt them to rejoice, much like the angel had to prompt Isaiah (cf. ch. 6).

Consider, too, the behavior of Daniel before the great prayer of Daniel 9. In the second verse of the chapter, he prepares himself with fasting, sackcloth, and ashes. Even a man like this, one of the few major Bible characters about whom nothing negative is said, comes before the Lord with deep reverence and a profound sense of his unworthiness. Great character does not produce great confidence in the flesh. Instead, it produces the opposite.

If we want to find those who approach worship with self-confidence, a casual attitude, and a lack of concern about coming before the Creator, we cannot look to the righteous. Instead, we find such people in places like Leviticus 10:1-3. Nadab and Abihu could not be bothered to treat God as holy by worshiping Him according to the commandment. God's judgment on their insolence was as final as it was unmistakable.

In Malachi 1:6-14, the worshipers under discussion regard God's worship as tiresome, a matter for disdain. Rather than bringing their best, they offer the blind and the sick and the lame, as though they were the masters and God was the suppliant, as though He ought to be content with whatever they felt like sacrificing. In answer, God describes their sacrifices as useless, unacceptable, and profane. He places them under a curse and expresses the wish that someone would shut the temple doors rather than allowing the continued defilement of His altar.

Worship is serious business. It is true that, like Ezekiel, we have been invited to stand before God. Like Isaiah's lips, our lips have been purified. However, we must not confuse boldness through Christ with contempt for the Lord of heaven and earth.

We do not "have to" worship God every week because it is one of the five checklist acts of worship. We are allowed to worship, permitted to worship, and privileged to worship. When we appear in His presence, it is only because the most precious sacrifice ever offered put us there. We must be conscious that we are treading on holy ground.

When we are there, no prostrating of ourselves or exalting of Him ever can be excessive. This, of course, does not refer to outward form. When we worship God in spirit and truth, physical posture is neither here nor there. One is reminded of the hypocritical worshiper of Isaiah 58:4-5, who bowed his head as easily as a reed bending before the wind but with as little lasting impact. Instead, we are called to true reverence, to the prostration of the heart. We must be awed that such a One as He would deign even to hear our praises. To draw near to Him without this spirit is very dangerous. The profane worshiper of today may not be judged as immediately as Nadab and Abihu were, but in the end, his fate will be no different. In all our days, may each of us heed the wise words of the Hebrews writer, who said, "Let us show gratitude, by which we may offer to God an acceptable service with reverence and awe, for our God is a consuming fire" (Heb. 12:28-29).



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by Bobby L. Graham



Bobby actively participates in fill-in preaching, Belize trips, teaching an hour each day at Athens Bible School, and in

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QUESTION.

Why do some denominations "baptize" babies?

ANSWER.

I inserted the quotation marks for the word baptize in the question above because it is here used with a different meaning from the term's biblical usage. Sprinkling/pouring water on babies is not the baptism of the New Testament. Some religious groups do, however, condone this practice for various reasons.

Catholics believe that the baby has the stain of inborn sin (the preferred Catholic term) from conception until infant "baptism" removes it. They think it so important that they allow anyone to "baptize" an infant or even an aborted fetus. They believe that the "unbaptized" infant is lost, as they have always taught. Catholics used to consign the "unbaptized" infants to a state of Limbo, located just above Purgatory, according to the mapping by some past Roman Catholic vision-claimers. The Catholic's Sacred Heart Cemeterv in Cullman, AL. has a section inside the fence dotted by several small gravestones for those

infants which they deemed to be in Limbo. The Roman Catholic Church dropped its tradition of Limbo in 2007; they would do well to drop other practices, such as infant "baptism."

They know the New Testament word *baptidzo/baptisma* means immerse or immersion, depending upon its part of speech. Still, the problem is that they compromised on the meaning many centuries ago when they allowed water to be poured on a sick person's head in what they termed "clinical baptism." They have believed that the infant is born needing to be cleansed of Adam's sin-stain from the idea's inception with Augustine. The Bible does not teach this idea but insists that the child has a pure nature, which all others need to gain through conversion (Matt. 18:3). The practice of infant "baptism" was a development of the second and third centuries after the death of the apostles. The Bible does not teach that sin can be inherited from parents by offspring. Individual accountability and guilt are

clear biblical teaching (Ezek. 18:1-24). The Lord told ancient Israel to stop using the proverb expressing that the children received their sinful ways from their parents, and moderns need not use it again. Jesus did not believe this doctrine, nor did Paul teach or believe it (John 9:3; Rom. 7:7-11).

Other groups retain the practice of infant "baptism," some to remove original sin, but others as a formality for entering the church, not to remove the stain of original sin (the preferred Protestant term). In this matter, they have altered their view, so they no longer believe the "unbaptized" infant is lost.

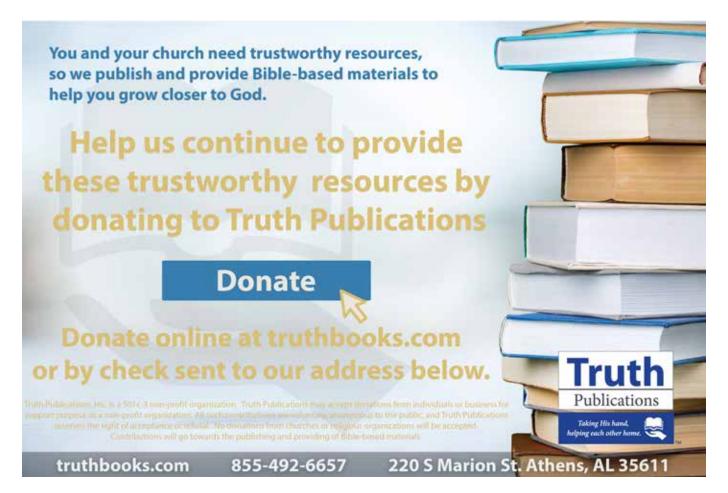
Why do they retain the practice? They view it more as an induction into the family of God and an occasion for the parents to pledge their faithful training/ dedication of their child.

The New Testament clearly teaches that, for a penitent believer, baptism bears the same relation to salvation as does repentance and faith (Acts 2:38; Mark 16:15-16). That means baptism is essential to salvation, just as are belief and repentance (John 8:24; Acts 17:30).

Baptism was a command of God for both Jews and Gentiles (Acts 2:38; 10:48). Baptism was always practiced by accountable/responsible persons, never by unaccountable children (see the cases of conversion in Acts and the various passages on baptism).

In both Catholic departures and Protestant deviations, we observe man's penchant for imposing his views on the divine plan (Eccl. 7:29). Let us remember that man cannot direct his path and that there is no way to improve on the perfection found in God's way in the Bible (Isa. 55:8-9; 2 Tim. 3:16-17).





Try the Impossible

by Barry Britnell

Peter experienced a crisis of faith when he shifted his focus from Jesus to the surrounding storm, but he also dared to step out of the boat! His courage is an inspiration to us all. Are we, also, willing to dare and to do?

Have you ever wanted to do something but did not even try, because you knew in your heart that you could not do it? Every time I have similar thoughts, I think about Peter. In Matthew 14, we have this wonderful account of Jesus and the disciples at the Sea of Galilee. It reads:

Immediately he made the disciples get into the boat and go before him to the other side, while he dismissed the crowds. And after he had dismissed the crowds, he went up on the mountain by himself to pray. When evening came, he was there alone, but the boat by this time was a long way from the land, beaten by the waves, for the wind was against them. And in the fourth watch of the night he came to them, walking on the sea. But when the disciples saw him walking on the sea, they were terrified, and said, "It is a ghost!" and they cried out in fear. But immediately Jesus spoke to them, saying, "Take heart; it is I. Do not be afraid." And Peter answered him, "Lord, if it is you, command me to come to you on the water." He said, "Come." So Peter got out of the boat and walked on the water and came to Jesus. But when he saw the wind, he was afraid, and beginning to sink he cried out, "Lord, save me." Jesus immediately reached out his hand and took hold of him, saying to him, "O you of little faith, why did you doubt?" And when they got into the boat, the wind ceased. And those in the boat worshiped him, saying, "Truly you are the Son of God" (Matt. 14:22-33, ESV).

Peter is an interesting character. He had his good and bad traits. (Don't we all?) Nevertheless, I love the lesson that we can learn from Simon Peter. In this story, he was willing to try the impossible.

Is it possible to walk on the water of the Sea of Galilee? No, it is not.

Actually, I should not say that. I have seen someone walk on water on the Sea of Galilee. Once, when I was sailing on the sea with one of my tour groups, the boat captain dripped some water from a fishing net onto the boat's floor. He then walked back and forth on the water, claiming that he was "walking on water on the Sea of Galilee." We all got a good laugh because he was making a play on words. All understood that walking on



The Sea at Sunset



A Calm Day on the Sea of Galilee

the water of the Sea of Galilee without the aid of the boat is impossible!

Then we read the story from Matthew 14. Jesus was really walking on water! What an incredible thing that would have been to see!

Peter, seeing Jesus on the water, asks to join him. Peter then does something wholly incredible. Reread verse 29: "So Peter got out of the boat and walked on the water and came to Jesus." Pay close attention to the conjunction "and" in that sentence. Peter did three different things.

First, he got out of the boat. Wow! What amazing courage that must have required. Peter made his living on this lake and knew how intense storms could be. He knew that his safety depended on him staying inside the boat. Yet, he got out.

Second, Peter walked on water. This is equally amazing. I have studied enough science in my life to know that this is physically impossible. I have often wondered what that felt like to Peter. Did it feel like he was walking on a solid surface, or did it feel like he was floating on air?

Third, he came to Jesus. As impressive as it would be to take a couple of steps on the water, he did more than that. He walked and came to Jesus. I do not know if this was 10 feet or 100 feet, but Peter did it!

I know that Peter eventually struggled, but for the moment, forget that part. Peter did the impossible! He walked on water! He would never have been able to do that if he had not tried.

Why do I bring up this story? Because I want to encourage everyone to follow Peter's example. Try something that you think is seemingly impossible.

Perhaps you think that it would be impossible for you to teach a Bible class. *Try it*. Perhaps you think it would be impossible for you to know what to say to someone struggling. *Try it*. Maybe you think that it would be impossible for you to lead a public prayer in an assembly. *Try it*. Find what you think is impossible for you to do. Then get out of the boat and *try it*. Like Peter, you may learn that not only can you do it, but also you are good at it.



Waves after a Storm



Barry Britnell

Barry Britnell is the founder of Exploring Bible Lands, LLC (exploring bible lands.com), and leads Bible study tours to the land of israel. He also works with Appian Media (appianmedia.org) to produce Biblically-sound videos used in teaching others about the Bible. Barry and his wife, Tabatha, have three children and live in Athens, AL, and worship with the Capshaw church of Christ.

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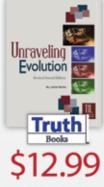
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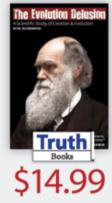
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Jesus, the Powerful Creator

by Tyler Sams

By virtue of the creation which He brought into existence, Jesus demonstrates His great power and assures us that our confidence in Him is well-placed.

Introduction

"In the beginning, God created the heavens and the earth." With these words, Moses began the most significant message known to man, a message that would reach its crescendo in the death, and subsequent resurrection, of God's own Son. As the story of redemption developed throughout Scripture, the Holy Spirit would call back to Moses's words as John began his account of the life of Jesus. Turning his attention to the beginning, unlike the other gospel writers, John succinctly explains that Jesus, in His pre-incarnate state (cf. John 1:14), was there. He was there with God. He was God. Through Him, all things were made (John 1:1-3).

Differing from the synoptic authors, John immediately emphasizes a reality to his audience–Jesus's existence did not begin at the moment of His conception within Mary. Instead, John pulls back the curtain to reveal to us what was going on at the beginning. Before man was created, before grass and trees dotted the landscape, even before the earth existed. Jesus was there. To be fair, Moses hinted at this reality when the Holy Spirit inspired him to use a plural Hebrew noun in Genesis 1:1 ("God," in Hebrew, is Elohim) and by speaking of a plurality involved in the creation of man in Genesis 1:26ff. However, John is more precise and more direct in his statements.

"In the Beginning Was the Word"

This Word, later understood to be Jesus, the Son of God (John 1:14), was present at the beginning with God. The beginning of what? In John 1:3, John seems to be speaking of the same "beginning" as Moses—the beginning of creation. Before anything was created, God was there. As John makes clear, Jesus is accurately called *God*.

"And the Word Was with God"

The unity between Father and Son, which John references throughout his gospel account, is introduced here. Jesus was there at the beginning with His Father, with God. John speaks of at least two distinct persons, as one is described as being with the other. Further, Jesus is described as being "begotten of the Father" (John 1:14), pointing us to the reality of at least two persons under consideration in this text. Jesus and the Father were present together, at the beginning.

"And the Word Was God"

This Word, who later becomes flesh, is here called God. John obviously does not intend for us to understand "the Word" as a reference to the Father (John 1:14), but expects us to accept the reality that "the Word was God." Some have been troubled because John references Jesus's divinity in the past tense in English—Jesus "was God." However, a quick examination of the Greek terms under consideration helps us understand what John is saying. The Greek word translated by "was" in John 1:1 is *eimi*, an imperfect verb. Though often translated using the English past tense, Greek imperfect verbs generally reference continuing action. In this case, it is the idea that the Word was, and continues to be, God. Contrast that to John 1:14, where a specific moment in time is referenced by the aorist verb "became" (*ginomai*). Whereas Jesus's divinity is an ongoing condition, there was a specific moment in time when His experience in the flesh began. However, that experience in the flesh does not mitigate the fact which John lays down in his introduction: Jesus is God.

John proceeds to describe Jesus in the beginning. Rather than a created being, He was actively involved in creation. All that we can see around us was brought into existence through the Word, who was present at the beginning (John 1:1-3). To an original audience that would have been familiar with the Genesis account, John unmistakably identifies Jesus as divine—He created! With Moses's usage of the plural *Elohim* in Genesis 1:1, John's point is made even stronger: if one could accept the Father as creator and God, why couldn't one likewise accept Jesus?

John is not the only inspired writer to address the idea of Jesus's pre-existence and role in creating the universe. While offering convincing testimony to the Colossians of the supremacy of Christ, Paul refers to the role of Jesus in the world's creation. While speaking of Jesus as king (Col. 1:13), head of the church (1:18), and reconciler (1:20), Paul notes that Jesus was involved in



creation (1:15-17). He even describes Jesus as the "firstborn of all creation" (1:14)—a position He occupies because He created and sustains all things. Paul advances then further when he affirms that not only was Jesus involved in the physical creation, but also He continues to "hold together" the universe that He brought into existence (1:17). How comforting to know that our Savior is active and involved in His creation today! Much like John, Paul blends the concepts of Jesus's pre-existence and incarnation. Though present and active at the creation of the universe, Jesus eventually came in the flesh to be seen by men (as the "image of the invisible God" [1:15]) and to offer His life as a sacrifice for lost humanity (1:20). Paul's argument that Jesus is supreme is convincing. Jesus was present at the beginning (1:16) and is the creator of all (1:16), sustainer of the universe (1:17), and the image of the invisible God (1:15). How great is the Savior whom we serve!

The writer of Hebrews adds his voice alongside those of John and Paul

in testifying to the pre-existence and creative power of Jesus. In a book that emphasizes the superiority of Christ and the covenant He established, the author immediately impresses upon his audience the unquestioned significance of Jesus. While God spoke in many forms and fashions throughout the ages, He speaks in this last period of human history through Jesus (Heb. 1:1-2). To impress upon his audience the significance of Jesus, the writer of Hebrews notes why God's communication through His Son is both ultimate and superior: He is the heir of all things, the creator of the universe, the express image of the person of God the Father, and the powerful sustainer of the world (Heb. 1:2-3). Following that, note what is said of the Father and Son in verse 2. The author of Hebrews elaborates further than either John or Paul, in that he describes the roles of both the Father and Son in creation. The Father willed creation into existence (consistent with His speaking in the Genesis account), and the Son followed the will of the Father, bringing into

existence that which He spoke. The Son of God who brought the world into existence and sustains it with the "word of His power" is worthy of our trust and dedication.

As he continues throughout his epistle, the writer of Hebrews emphasizes the immeasurable hope available in Jesus, the powerful creator. That creator entered His creation and experienced the frustrations and temptations of life in the flesh so that we might find deliverance from our sins (cf. Heb. 2:9-18; 5:7-10). Our Savior, who brought the world into existence at the word of His Father, truly has a name above all other names!



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Jesus, the Divine Servant

by Shawn Chancellor

By understanding Jesus's role as the Divine Servant, disciples today gain a deeper appreciation for the sacrifice of God and His Son and a better understanding of how they should relate to one another.

Introduction

When studying the Bible, it is easy to become distracted. Besides external diversions, we may be distracted by the text. For instance, in Exodus 33:18-23, we may become preoccupied by wondering about the physical image that Moses observed from the cleft of the rock. However, the text would have us focus on something else entirely. God revealed His "goodness" (v. 19). Moses saw the compassion, grace, long suffering, loyal love, truth, forgiveness, and holiness of God (Exod. 34:6-7).

Likewise, in John 1:14, we may get distracted by *how* God became flesh. In doing so, we may fail to notice that the text speaks about *why God became flesh.* By focusing on the text, we see that John tells us that God endured this humiliation so that we may see what Moses saw.

Distinctive but Equal

In verses 1-4, John informs us that the Word is a divine person distinct from (but equal to) the Father. In verse 14, we learn that the Word "became flesh," while remaining God. The text makes this clear in verse 15, with John the Baptist's acknowledgment that, "He who comes after me has a higher rank than I," and in verse 18, where Jesus is identified as "the only begotten God" ("the one and only Son, who is himself God" [John 1:18, NIV 2011]).

By becoming flesh, He showed us God's character and how God desires to relate to His creation. The phrase "dwelt among us, and we saw His

glory," refers to God dwelling among the tribes of Israel in the tabernacle (Exod. 40:34-38). They saw His glory in the form of a cloud covering and filling the tabernacle. As impressive as this would be to witness, what John describes is far greater. The phrase, "full of grace and truth," is parallel to "lovingkindness and truth" in Exodus 34:6 (cf. Pss. 25:10; 86:15; 89:14; Prov. 16:6). These terms express the loyal love and fidelity that God has toward His covenant people. God's lovingkindness and truth were visible through the old covenant, but are fully realized in Jesus (John 1:17). Thus in verse 18, John says that the one and only Son "explained" the Father. Understanding this is imperative if we are to comprehend what was accomplished in the incarnation. The humility and service that Jesus manifested in becoming flesh was not an aberration of the divine nature. Instead, the incarnation was the perfect manifestation of that nature. In a way that only He could, Jesus reveals in great detail who the Father is and how deep and true is His love.

Philippians 2:6-8 begins with a similar statement regarding the divinity of Jesus. Paul tells us He "existed in the form of God." Like John, Paul moves from His divine nature to the incarnation. Unlike John, Paul chooses "humbled," rather than "glory," to describe Jesus in the flesh, thus emphasizing Christ's selfsacrificial service.

Paul uses the Greek word, *morphe* (i.e., form), to emphasize the nature of the sacrifice. Vincent states that

morphe refers to "that mode in which the essential being of God expresses itself. . . This mode of expression. . . is not identical with the essence itself, but is identified with it. . ." (Vincent, 431). In other words, the term does not refer to Jesus's divine nature but to the unique expression of that nature. From the context, we can infer that the phrase refers to whatever would prevent the Son of God from becoming flesh, suffering as a man, and ultimately dying on the cross.

Jesus did not view His pre-incarnate form with its attendant rights and privileges as something to which He must clutch; instead, He "made Himself of no reputation, and took upon Him the form of a servant, and was made in the likeness of men" (Phil. 2:7, KJV).

How Jesus accomplished this selfcondescension is an intriguing question that may distract Bible students, leading to pointless speculation and debate. However, if we focus on the text, we learn *why* Jesus chose to become a bondservant. Seeking the answer to this question will increase our appreciation for God and His Son. Furthermore, our lives and relationships will be fundamentally transformed.

Philippians 2 begins with a series of admonitions that speak to Paul's purpose in writing this letter. Philippi was a Roman colony. As a result, its citizens were afforded special rights and privileges. Possessors of such rights and privileges typically were proud of them and insisted on exercising them to the fullest. Imagine trying to resolve a conflict in a local church where the members manifested such an attitude (Phil. 4:2-4). Harmonious relationships are built upon the willingness of each party to give in and forgo certain rights and privileges. The question is, "How far should one be willing to go to maintain peace with another?" We find the answer in the example of Jesus, the Divine Servant.

Jesus "humbled himself by becoming obedient to the point of death, even death on a cross" (Phil. 2:8). Enmity existed between man and God. Our sin caused this enmity. God had every right to turn His back on us, leaving us to our condemnation. However, Christ Jesus chose a sacrifice beyond our comprehension so that we might be reconciled to God (Rom. 5:6-10). In going to the cross, He obeyed the Father, fulfilling His will. Moreover, He served us through that terrible death. At the cross, "grace and truth were realized" (John 1:17). Through His willing service, we see the mercy and faithfulness of God that leads to life.

While many theological questions arise from this passage, Paul intended this as practical explanation of how brethren should treat one another. In Philippians 2:3-5, he admonishes us to put aside selfishness, conceit, and personal interests. He encourages a humility that sees others as more valuable than self. He then calls on us to "have the mind of Christ." Only with this attitude may we reflect the mercy and faithfulness demonstrated in the incarnation and inherent in the divine nature.

I find it impossible to write on this subject without considering current events. We are living through a pandemic that has impacted every aspect of our lives. It amazes me how quickly many have become virologists, statisticians, and Ph.D.'s in "maskology." We are bombarded with information, some of which comes from reliable and qualified sources—much of which does not. Every action is politicized and scrutinized to an extreme degree. Local churches and elderships have been left to sort out how to conduct public worship, protect the infirm, soothe the fearful, and calm the angry.

While there is no "how to deal with a pandemic" passage in Scripture, there are principles laid out to guide us in every situation. Knowledge without love leads to arrogance and destroys (1 Cor. 8). "It is good not... to do anything by which your brother stumbles" (Rom. 14:21). "Pure and undefiled religion" consists of caring for the weak (Jas. 1:27). Submit to authority "for such is the will of God" (1 Pet. 2:13-15). "Be diligent to preserve the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace" (Eph. 4:3). "Have this attitude in yourselves which was also in Christ Jesus" (Phil. 2:5).

Conclusion

How far should we go in demonstrating love and concern? Undoubtedly, we must stay within the bounds of righteousness and conform to the divine pattern for the church. However, we must be equally careful not to view a particular local church's traditions as the pattern. Likewise, we should be careful not to ascribe health concerns to a weakness of faith. We may be called on to forgo some "rights." We must humbly put the interests of others above our own. As Jesus has shown us, love is not cheap. Above all things, we must be sure that we imitate Jesus. the Divine Servant, in our treatment of others. T

Sources

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The Lamb of God

by Jeff Wilson

John heralded Jesus as "the Lamb of God who takes away the sins of the world" (John 1:29). This imagery reminds us of Isaiah's prophecy (53:7), and Peter's declaration regarding the price of human redemption (1 Pet. 1:8-19).

"The Lamb of God" is one of the oddest designations for the Son of God. Other names and titles we get, they make sense: King of kings and Lord of lords; Wonderful Counselor; Mighty God; Everlasting Father; and the Prince of Peace. The expression, "Son of David," immediately makes us think of the promised Messiah as a powerful King and mighty warrior, based in covenanted hope, and found in the New Testament in faithful fulfillment.

Yet, this odd designation is, in its own way, one of the most familiar. The language of "lamb" intuitively takes us into the world of sacrifices and blood, sin, and forgiveness. From the Pentateuch to Isaiah 53 to the Gospels, the image of the sacrificial lamb is developed into the fullness of its meaning: the crucified Messiah, Jesus as the ultimate and true Passover lamb, was sacrificed so that, through His blood, sins can be truly forgiven and allow for God to pass over His people when He judges the world. To commemorate this event, we weekly eat His body and drink His blood, just as did countless generations of Jews with their annual Passover observance. Paul alludes to this view of Jesus when he explicitly calls Jesus our "Passover" that has been sacrificed (1 Cor. 5:7).

For all its familiarity, designating Jesus as "the lamb" is unique to John's writings. In the first chapter of John, the apostle records John the Baptist heralding Messiah Jesus as "the Lamb of God" who takes away the sin of the world. This distinctive title becomes a

theme in that same gospel so that, late in the book, when the final hours of Jesus are retold, John, uniquely among the gospels, keeps the focus on the crucifixion coinciding with the Passover. He explains Pilate's Passover tradition of a prisoner release (18:39), notes that the Jewish leaders demanding Jesus's crucifixion would not enter the governor's residence lest they become unclean for the Passover (18:28). When the fateful decision to crucify Jesus was made, John adds that it was the day of preparation for the Passover (19:14). Once Jesus was dead. John wants us to know that the Scripture was fulfilled that none of Jesus's bones was brokenjust like a Passover lamb (19:31-36).

In John's first epistle, the apostle twice refers to why Jesus came to earth. In 1 John 3:5, he says that Jesus "appeared in order to take away sins." This is familiar enough: Jesus's death was a lamb-like sacrifice for the forgiveness of sins. Just a few lines later, John also affirms that Jesus appeared "to destroy the works of the devil" (3:8). This pivot in describing the purpose of Christ's coming paves the way for how John depicts the Lamb in the book of Revelation.

John develops this name and image most thoroughly in Revelation, where the Lamb is seen in His postresurrection glory. In fact, "the Lamb" serves as the book's preferred title/ name for Jesus. In chapter 5, John is told that the Lion of the tribe of Judah is worthy to open the sealed scroll in the hand of the One who sits on the throne. Then John startlingly sees, not an actual lion, but "a Lamb, standing as though it had been slain" (5:6). This is no ordinary lamb; rather, this Lamb has been sacrificed, and yet lives. It is described as having seven horns and seven eyesdetails that symbolically show that this Lamb possesses the power and omniscience of Deity. The Lion of Judah may look like a Lamb, but He is not One with which to trifle. Near the end of the Apocalypse, when the forces of Satanic evil (symbolized as horrific beasts) seek to make war with the Lamb, they are utterly defeated as "the Lamb will conquer them, for He is Lord of lords and King of kings" (17:14).

This is a stunning change in behavior. In John's gospel, the Lamb on earth was meek and lowly, submitting to the injustice suffered at the hands of Jews and Romans alike as He died for the sins of the world (Isa. 53:7; John 18:3-12; 19:9-10). Yet, after the resurrection, the revivified Lamb of Revelation—now glorified and vindicated by God in His own time and way—is authorized to make overwhelming war against His enemies.

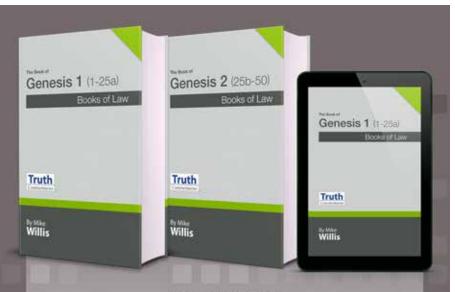
In this revelation of the Lamb in glory and power, we have a symbolic glimpse of how the Lamb's followers are meant to live their lives. In the world, we are acculturated to pursuing our own vengeance. Yet in the Lamb's example, we see His earthly sojourn (and by extension, ours) marked by a meekness that endures persecution for righteousness's sake, turns the other cheek, refuses to return evil for evil, but instead, loves the enemy for the sake of his possible salvation. 1 Peter 2:19-25 makes explicit that we are to follow the Lamb—to slaughter if necessary—as we (like Him) entrust our souls to a faithful Creator in doing what is right (cf. 1 Pet. 4:19). This following of the Lamb-shaped life allows us to participate in what Paul describes to Timothy: "If we endure, we will also reign with Him" (2 Tim. 2:12). The way to glory and relief from enemies is not to force our own justice and make our own righteousness, but rather (like the Lamb) wait in endurance for the time when God Himself offers us vindication and glorification at our resurrection at the Last Day.

The profundity of the gospel lies in the paradox of a horned Lamb standing as though it had been slain. In this way of revealing Jesus to us, we learn that real power is not the wielding of death and destruction—or unrighteous vengeance on those who wrong us. Pilate seems to have implicitly made this mistake when he confronted Jesus with the statement, "I have authority to release you and authority to crucify you" (John 19:10). Jesus rebuked Pilate with the observation that his governing authority was actually a derivative of heaven's higher authority. Jesus's response deflates the arrogance of power that has no higher ability (or threat) than the ability to kill and destroy. That is why the Lamb need not fear Pilate and what he represented. Real power is not found in death and destruction, but in the ability to create and give life—or restore the life that has been lost. This is real power! Jesus, the Lamb of God, knew it and promised to share this with His faithful followers (John 11:25-26).



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Jesus, the Compassionate High Priest

by Daniel H. King, Sr.

Down through history, countless men served as Jewish high priests—offering gifts and sacrifices, serving as intermediaries on behalf of the people. Jesus, our Great High Priest, excels them all.

Introduction

The writer of the letter to the Hebrews stressed the overshadowing of the old covenant by the new in several wellplanned and carefully orchestrated ways. The special position of the legal system (the Torah), its central shrine (the Temple), and its personnel (the priesthood), with its central figure (the kohēn gadol, i.e., the high priest), the author argued, must give place to a different and superior reality under the aegis of the Messiah, Jesus. "If that first covenant had been faultless, then would no place have been sought for a second," he wrote (8:7). This position is forcefully advanced throughout the letter, suggesting that every aspect of the old Jewish system had been displaced by the work of Christ on the cross (cf. 9:11-28).

Early in his discussion, the author emphasized the High priesthood of Jesus, in comparison with that old order of things, saying, "Wherefore it behooved him in all things to be made like unto his brethren, that he might become a merciful and faithful high priest in things pertaining to God, to make propitiation for the sins of the people. For in that he himself hath suffered being tempted, he is able to succor them that are tempted" (2:17-18). The word translated "succor" in this context is *boētheō* which means "to aid or relieve; to help or succor." The context suggests that this aid and relief is given, especially in times of trial or temptation.

In the verses that follow, he urged his readers to "consider the Apostle and High Priest of our confession, even Jesus" (3:1). Clearly, the high priesthood of Jesus is a significant element of his overall argument in the epistle. Throughout his further elucidation of this theme, he makes the following important points about that One whom he designates "our compassionate High Priest":

Merciful

He was a merciful High Priest. This feature of His character is introduced at 2:17, but is emphasized at 4:15, which says, "For we have not an high priest which cannot be touched with the feeling of our infirmities; but was in all points tempted like as we are, yet without sin." For our part, this is perhaps the most critical aspect of the Lord's priesthood, for it shows why the incarnation was central to the divine plan for human redemption. Christ was made flesh so that He could serve as a High Priest who understood the human condition and showed mercy to repentant sinners.

Faithful

He was a faithful High Priest. His faithfulness is stressed in 2:17. The author follows up on this notion in 3:5-6, noting how much more so He was, even than the great man Moses. No doubt, people of that time would have compared the transcendent figure of the flawless Christ, Jesus, to the extremely flawed high priests who served in the Jerusalem sanctuary. Caiaphas and his son-in-law, Annas (or Ananus ben Ananus; Hebrew: *chanan*, meaning "merciful" or "gracious"), were two men mentioned in the gospels. This unfortunate name for Annas may even have helped to cement the appropriateness of the term to describe Jesus, for it was common to refer to that Jewish high priest as a "viper" rather than a merciful man, despite his name.

Successful

As a High Priest, He was successful in an unprecedented way. The deliverance from sins, which His ministry affords, is without limitation. He is able "to save to the uttermost" those who draw near to God through Him (7:25). Previous priesthoods were limited by their human aspect—occupied by mere men, restricted by the limitations of their humanity, and often troubled by their faults and foibles. Jesus was not so, and His priesthood was not thus bounded. The saving power of His ministry had no precedent, only shadowy figures to presage it.

Eternal

He was a "for ever" High Priest. Previous human priests were limited by lifespan. Most died in office and were succeeded by sons or other relatives. Jesus abides a priest forever by the power of an endless life: "He abideth for ever" (7:17-24). Previous priesthoods brought great change to the community owing to the change in nature of the man involved. The high priest might be a good man, but he also might be a bad man. He might be greedy and self-serving. He might be guite immoral. Thus, with the changing of leaders, there was an accompanying change of atmosphere and climate in the religious circumstances of Israel. With Jesus as High Priest, however, all of that changed. Because His is an eternal

priesthood, it is also an "unchangeable" one (7:24).

Holy

He was a High Priest who was holy, guileless, undefiled, and separated from sinners. All of these words are descriptive of a singular aspect of His nature. Each of these picturesque terms is employed to describe Him in Hebrews 7:26. They mean that He was pious and consecrated to God. that He was harmless or free from evil in His own being, that He was not defiled by stain contracted from others (temptation left no trace of evil in him). He was distinct from those who have themselves committed transgression, and thus need to be cleansed themselves for them to be in a position to purge the dross from other souls. Simply put, He was not personally a participant in any disobedience to God. Therefore, He was worthy to be, not only the High Priest proffering the sacrifice for human sin, but the offering itself, the sacrifice! He "through the eternal Spirit offered Himself without blemish unto God" (9:14). How efficacious was this offering? The writer proclaims, "We have been sanctified through the offering of the body of Jesus Christ once for all" (10:10). Such a thing had never happened before, and it will never happen again. Furthermore, there is no need for it to be repeated (contra the "sacrifice of the Mass").

Exalted

He was a High Priest made higher than the heavens. So the writer declares in 7:26b. Why so? Because, as it is further explained elsewhere (4:14), He "passed through" or "passed into the heavens." So, the Gospel of Mark concludes with the words, "So then, the Lord Jesus, after He had spoken to them, was received up into heaven, and sat down at the right hand of God." This was unprecedented. High Priests never sat down in the Temple complex. There were no seats as furniture within that holy place, nor was a need for them. In that former sanctuary, there was always

more work to be done. They went inside to offer sacrifices, and when they had finished for the time, they left until it was needful for them to go there again to offer other sacrifices. There were always new sacrifices to offer under the law. Jesus offered one sacrifice and was finished. The Bible says He "sat down." This was so because His work was complete. His sacrifice was singular and sufficient. "For by one offering He has perfected forever those who are sanctified" (10:14); and, "when He had offered one sacrifice for ever, (He) sat down at the right hand of God" (10:12; 1:3; 8:1; 12:2).

Eternally Perfected

He was a High Priest who was eternally perfected. In 7:28, the author opined that human priests throughout history had all received appointment to their ministry, "having infirmity," (or "in their weakness"), that is to say, imperfect in their humanity in all respects. Jesus, on the other hand, presented Himself as "a Son perfected forevermore" (*huion eis ton aiōna teteleiōmenon*). He had been made perfect for His sacrificial work by the things which He suffered (2:10; 5:9).

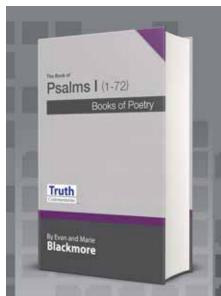
Conclusion

The high priests under the old covenant were inferior in every way, therefore, to our "great priest," Jesus, "having a great priest over the house of God; let us draw near with a true heart in fullness of faith. . ." (10:21). Here is the point: Our High Priest has performed all of His functions with flawless perfection. Now it is time for us to do our part. Rather than pulling away or drawing back, we must draw closer to God. After all, that is what He did in order to make possible (Heb. 7:19; Jas. 4:8).



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Daniel H. King, Sr.



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Jesus, the Glorious King

by Shane Carrington

The gospel of Matthew powerfully portrays Jesus as our glorious King, who embodied loyalty, love, and leadership. As His subjects, let us offer our allegiance and praise.

Introduction

The many portraits of Jesus: no one description exhausts our inexhaustible subject. In this series of articles, we discuss Jesus as the Powerful Creator, the Divine Servant, the Lamb of God, the Compassionate High Priest, the Glorious King, and the Righteous Judge. This is a good start, but one can spend a lifetime scaling the heights and plumbing the depths of the God-Man and His true meaning.

Matthew's gospel reveals many of Jesus's facets, including His kingship. He begins with a flurry: "The record of the genealogy of Jesus the Messiah, the son of David. .." (Matt. 1:1). Wasting no time and mincing no words, the author affirms that Jesus is the Messiah/Christ, the ultimate King of Israel, whom God promised David would come in his lineage (2 Sam. 7:8-17). From there, this gospel account gains momentum (Matt. 1:1, 6, 16-17). Let's briefly consider four vignettes.

Jesus: Born to Be King

"Now the birth of Jesus Christ was as follows..." (Matt. 1:18). Remember, every time Jews heard "Christ," they always thought, "anointed king, the ultimate descendant of David who would sit on David's throne." Their understanding of what that meant fell short of the biblical portrait, but they heard "Davidic king" when they heard "Christ."

Consider the manner of kingship Jesus possesses by birth, as revealed in Matthew 1.

- He fulfills prophecies both concerning David and Abraham (Matt. 1:1-17), which anchor God's promises to Israel and the world (Gen. 12:1-3).
- He is both human (born of the virgin Mary [Matt. 1:18-20, 22-23; cf. Gen. 3:15]) and divine (conceived of the Holy Spirit [Matt. 1:18, 20, 23; cf. Isa. 7:14; 9:6-7]).
- As legal Son of Joseph, a descendant of David in the royal line (Matt. 1:20; cf. 1:1-17), Jesus is Savior-King (Matt. 1:21). Spiritual redemption, not nationalistic liberation, is the focus of His mission.
- As King, Jesus wears the name that represents and points to the nature and singular authority of the Godhead Three (Matt. 1:21, 23, 25; cf. 28:18-20). Concerning the name "Jesus," "its Hebrew antecedent, Joshua, means 'The Lord (i.e., Yahweh) is salvation" (Mounce, 366).

Some today would accept Jesus as their Savior, but not as their King. They seek rescue and hope but reject the thought of submitting to His direction and lordship. In reality, we must accept Him as both, or He will be neither. Jesus was born to reign, and His kingship accesses and leads heavenward.

Jesus: Kingly Identity (Matt. 16:13-20)

"You are the Christ, the Son of the living God" (Matt. 16:16). This vital statement of Simon answers the question, "Who do you say that I am?" (Matt. 16:15). The question concerning Jesus's identity confused the masses, and, even though the apostles understood Jesus was Christ/King, they wrestled with the true meaning of of those titles (Matt. 18:1ff; 20:20-28).

The crowds viewed Jesus as a prophet (Matt. 16:13-14). The work of teaching God's word was central in His ministry. Rather than a despot uttering useless, arbitrary demands, Jesus opened hearts and minds through exemplifying godliness and teaching God's transforming message that saves souls, shapes lives, and secures hope. This is the type of kingdom He established, over which He reigns, and, concerning which, He gave its keys to the apostles (Matt. 16:18-19).

Jesus: Kingly Entry (Matt. 21:1-11)

As His earthly sojourn and ministry were concluding, Jesus approached Jerusalem. Fulfilling prophecy, He rode into town on a donkey. The masses, including children, hailed Him: "Hosanna to the Son of David; Blessed is He who comes in the name of the Lord; Hosanna in the highest" (Matt. 21:9).

This angered the Jewish leaders because they knew the meaning of these descriptors (Matt. 21:15-16). The people were proclaiming Jesus the King, Christ, ultimate Leader in the lineage and mold of David, and the fulfillment of all those Messianic prophecies they held so dearly—a fact even children could understand!

While the masses lacked a full understanding of the spiritual nature of the Messiah's kingship, they viewed Jesus as Christ. This, in part, resulted in



outrage by the Jewish hierarchy and led to Jesus's execution.

Jesus: Kingly Marching Orders

After Jesus fulfilled His earthly mission, He ascended to the right hand of God to rule as King of kings and Lord of lords. When the last day arrives, the Son of Man and King (Matt. 25:31, 34) will render final judgment on all humanity (Matt. 25:31-46). What manner of preparation fits us for meeting Him in peace?

His final marching orders conclude Matthew's account. Jesus addressed the apostles, saying, "All authority has been given to Me in heaven and on earth. Go therefore and make disciples of all the nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit, teaching them to observe all that I commanded you; and lo, I am with you always, even to the end of the age" (Matt. 28:18-20)

This manner of preparation includes responsibilities for both current and potential disciples. Jesus the King has "the name which is above every name" (Phil. 2:9; cf. 1 Tim. 6:13-16), possessing "all authority. . . in heaven and on earth" (Matt. 28:18). Let us, therefore, preach Jesus as King, urging loving submission to our Lord, and exemplify discipleship rooted in His death, burial, and resurrection (cf. Rom. 6:1-18).

The great commission contains even greater riches than is initially evident. Consider two additional concepts: First, the commission completes an important *inclusio* (i.e., bookends that summarize important teachings found from chapters 1 and 28). In Matthew 1:23, Jesus is called "Immanuel, which translated means, 'God with us.'" In the last verse of the book, Jesus says, "I am with you always" (Matt. 28:20). God is with us always because Immanuel, the God-Man, came to us as one of us to reign among us as our ultimate King.

Second, the great commission contains obvious allusions to Daniel 7:13-14, which discusses God's kingdom and reads: "I kept looking in the night visions, and behold, with the clouds of heaven One like a Son of Man was coming, and He came up to the Ancient of Days and was presented before Him. And to Him was given dominion, glory and a kingdom, that all the peoples, nations and men of every language might serve Him. His dominion is an everlasting dominion which will not pass away; and His kingdom is one which will not be destroyed" (NASB).

Note the parallels: Jesus possesses "all authority . . . in heaven and on earth" (Matt. 28:18). Daniel's prophecy says, "To Him was given dominion, glory and a kingdom, that all the peoples, nations and men of every language might serve Him." Jesus said, "All authority has been given to Me. . ." (Matt. 28:18), or as declared in Daniel, "He came up to the Ancient of Days. . . and to Him (i.e., the Son of Man) was given dominion. . .." Jesus said, "Go therefore and make disciples of all the nations..." (Matt. 28:19), while Daniel reads, "That all the peoples, nations and men of every language might serve Him." Jesus summarized, "I am with you always, even to the end of the age" (Matt. 28:20), or as written in Daniel, "And His kingdom is one which will not be destroyed." The great commission powerfully touches upon essential themes revealed about the Son of Man in Daniel 7.

Conclusion

No single descriptor exhausts our Savior-King. "God with us" (Matt. 1:23) came to "save His people from their sins," because the virgin shall be with Child and shall bear a Son (Matt. 1:21), so Jesus might become our King: "the Messiah, the son of David" (Matt. 1:1). Rejoice in the gospel of Jesus, our crucified, resurrected, enthroned King!

Sources

Mounce, William D. *Mounce's Complete Expository Dictionary of Old and New Testament Words.* Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 2006.



Shane

Carrington

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Jesus, Our Righteous Judge

by Robert F. Harkrider

For those who disregard Lord's invitation, the judgment will be a fearful occasion; yet, for those who are saved by His grace through faith, that day will be a time of victory and vindication.

Introduction

The most sobering picture described in the Bible is the judgment scene recorded in Revelation 20:11-15. When Jesus is seated on the great white throne, the earth and the heaven will have fled away, i.e., the present system will no longer exist as we now know it (2 Pet. 3:10-13). Everyone will be gathered there-the dead, small and great, rich and poor, kings and slaves. All humanity will stand before the Lord, who has been ordained by God the Father to render judgment (Acts 17:30-31; Rom. 14:12). We will be judged according to our works, and anyone not found written in the Book of Life will be cast into the lake of fire

For those who have spurned the gospel invitation, this is a a frightful time! Yet, for those who have been saved by His grace through faith, the judgment will be an exciting and wonderful time as we hear Him say, "Enter into the joy of your Lord."

What qualifies Jesus to be our judge? Will He be an understanding and righteous judge? To answer this question, consider a few of the different ways Jesus is described in the Book of Revelation. Each depicts a different aspect of His character and power. Follow with me as we survey various Scriptures that illustrate His divine purity and majesty. In fact, open your Bible as you read this article and become familiar with the context of each description of Jesus. They will inspire you with awe, reverence, and fear.

Like the Son of Man (Rev. 1:12-20)

When John turned to see the voice that spoke to him, he beheld One like the Son of Man, who was clothed with a garment down to the feet and girded about the chest with a golden band (signifying His priestly role). His head and hair were like wool as white as snow (signifying His purity), and His eyes were like a flame of fire (signifying His penetrating vision). His voice was like the sound of many waters, and His countenance was like the noonday sun shining in its strength! John was no doubt overwhelmed by the sound of His voice and the brightness of His countenance. His first reaction was to fall at His feet and lie still as though dead. Then the Lord laid His right hand on John, saying, "Do not be afraid. I am the First and the Last. I am He who lives. and was dead, and behold, I am alive forevermore. Amen. I have the keys of hades and of death."

This description of Jesus as the "Son of man" reminds us that, although He is God, Jesus lived among us as a man. He can sympathize with our weaknesses because He was tempted in all points as we are (Heb. 2:18; 4:15). By His death on the cross, Jesus became the perfect sacrifice for our sins. As our High Priest, He entered the Most Holy Place to offer His own blood (Heb. 9:11-14). Having risen from the dead, Jesus is now glorified, seated at the right hand of the throne of the Majesty in the heavens (Heb. 8:1). Wouldn't you like to hear the words John heard? "Do not be afraid!"

Walks in the Midst of the Churches (Rev. 2-3)

Jesus is portrayed holding seven stars in His right hand as He walks in the midst of seven golden lampstands. We are told that the seven lampstands are the seven churches and the seven stars are the angels (messengers) of the churches (Rev. 1:20). Although details are different with each letter. two statements are repeated in all seven letters: "I know your works" and "to him who overcomes." Jesus walks among the churches. He knows what is taking place, both the good and the bad, the trials, and the suffering. He is not in a far distant place, unconcerned, but is continuously interested. We may deceive men, but God is not mocked. The Greek word translated "overcome" literally means "to conquer, to gain the victory." Take time to read the promises of reward given at the close of each of the seven letters and then compare them with the description of heaven revealed in chapter 22. By doing this, it will become clear why those who "overcome" will rejoice in victory!

The judgment day will be totally just, and man will not be able to equivocate because the Lord will see us as we really are. We shall be judged by our works. There will be no coverups or miscarriages of justice. While the omniscience of the Lord should terrify the hypocrite, it is comforting to all the faithful whose works do follow them when they enter the eternal rest (Rev. 14:13).

A Lamb as Though It Had Been Slain (Rev. 5:1-6)

The heavenly throne of God is described in chapter 4 with honor and praise sung for Him by the twenty-four elders and four living creatures. As chapter 5 begins, John notices a book in the Father's right hand sealed with seven seals. The significance of this book is made known when the seals are loosed. This book contains the will of God. For example, when the fifth seal is loosed. John saw the souls of those who had been slain for the word of God and for the testimony which they held. "And they cried with a loud voice, saying, 'How long, O Lord, holy and true, until You judge and avenge our blood on those who dwell on the earth?" (Rev. 6:9-10). The answer to their question could only be possible through the sacrifice of Jesus Christ. Where would we be if Jesus had been unwilling to die for sinful humanity?

Back in chapter 4, John heard the strong angel asking, "Who is able to open the book and to carry out the will of God?" At first, John wept because no one was qualified (i.e., no mere mortal-past, present, or future-will be capable of fulfilling the plan of God. Not even the faithful servants of past time like Abraham, Moses, or Elijah! While John bemoaned the thought of God's plan being left unenforceable, one of the twenty-four elders urged him not to weep. "Behold, the Lion of the tribe of Judah, the Root of David has prevailed to open the scroll and to loose its seven seals." Recall the prophecy made in Genesis 49:9-10 when Jacob was blessing his sons. He promised Judah (called a lion's whelp) that the scepter would not depart until Shiloh came. Remember also, David had been the great king of Israel who was promised that through his seed (root), one would sit on his throne and be established forever (2 Sam. 7:12-13. 16).

Both strength and royalty are promised. Yet, when John turned to see this "Lion," what he saw was a Lamb as it had been slain. This is a marvelous representation of Christ, who is both a Lion and a Lamb. How could one of such little strength as a lamb carry out God's purpose on the earth? Especially a lamb that seemed to have been slaughtered? Jesus Christ willingly permitted Himself to be slain to be the sacrifice for the sins of the world. In doing so, He achieved the ultimate victory for all mankind.

King of Kings and Lord of Lords (Rev. 17:14; 19:11-16)

When we open the closing chapters of Revelation, one wants to shout with the great multitude in heaven who say, "Alleluia! Salvation and glory and honor and power belong to the Lord our God!" (Rev. 19:1). Although Satan fortified a world empire (Roman), attempting to abolish the kingdom of God, his allies are defeated and cast into the lake of fire burning with brimstone (19:20). The devil was bound for a thousand years (20:2), and also will ultimately be cast into the lake burning with brimstone (20:10).

Conclusion

The underlying message of Revelation rings loudly, "God is in control! Victory is in Jesus Christ!" Satan tempts us to compete with the majority in the marathon for social honors, financial success, and human prestige. When we stand before Jesus Christ to be judged, the only thing that will matter is whether we have served Him as King of kings and Lord of lords!



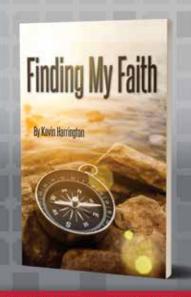
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Greenwood church of Christ 371 W. Main Street Sun. Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 4:30 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelists: Neil Tremblett (317) 888-8288 www.churchofchristatgreenwood.org

HOBART church of Christ

300 N. Liberty Street Bible Study 9:45 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Jerry Cleek (219) 942-2663

INDIANAPOLIS

Castleton church of Christ 7701 East 86th Street, 46256 Sun. Worship 11 A.M., Sun. Bible Study 10 A.M. Wed. Worship 11:15 A.M., Wed. Bible Study 7 P.M. (317) 710-1204

JAMESTOWN

church of Christ Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:25 A.M. Evening 4 P.M., Wednesday7 P.M. Evangelist: David McPherson (765) 676-6404 or (270) 994-4397 www.jamestowncoc.com

OOLITIC

church of Christ 400 Lafayette Ave. • P.O. Box 34 Bible Study 9:45 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M. Wednesday 7 P.M. (812) 279-4332

PEKIN

church of Christ (First St. & Karnes Ct.) Bible Study 9:45 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Jeremy Goen (812) 967-3437 or 967-3520 www.pekinchurchofchrist.com

PLAINFIELD

church of Christ West 2028 Stafford Rd., Ste. C., (Marsh Shopping Cntr.) Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 9:50 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Johnie Edwards (317) 964-9404 or (317) 839-1769 www.churchofchristwest.org

SAINT LEON, IN

Church of Christ 7140 Hyland Rd., Guildford, IN 47022 I74 exit 164 1 mile south on SR 1 Bible study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6:00 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. 812-637-1252 or 513-367-7871

SALEM

Westside church of Christ 2000 West State Rd. 56 Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:45 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (812) 883-2033, www.westsidechurchofchrist.net

TRAFAI GAR

Spearsville Rd. church of Christ, 6244 S. 500W. Spearsville Kd. church of Christ, 6244 (1.2 mi. S. of Hwy. 135) Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Charles Wright (317) 878-5969 or (317) 300-8790 www.trafalgarchurch.com

KANSAS

ТОРЕКА 17th Street church of Christ S600 SW 17th St. Bible Study 9:15 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Wednesday 7 P.M. (785) 235-8687 or 273-7977 www.17thstreetchurchofchrist.org

KENTUCKY

AUSTIN Peter's Creek church of Christ 856 Thomerson Park Rd. Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M. Evangelist: David Cox (270) 579-8074 or (270) 646-0498, www.peterscreekcoc.com

BEAVER DAM

church of Christ 1235 Williams St. Worship 10 A.M., Bible Study After Worship Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Jerid Gunter (270) 274-4451

BENTON

Fairdealing church of Christ 8081 US Highway 68-East Sun. Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Wednesday Bible Study 7 P.M. www.churchofchristatfairdealina.com • (270) 227-3262 CONVENIENTLY LOCATED NEAR KENLAKE STATE RESORT PARK ON THE WESTERN SHORE OF KENTUCKY LAKE.

BRANDENBURG

Brandenburg church of Christ 612 Broadway Bible Study 9:45 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 6:30 P.M. Evangelist: Charles J. White (270) 422-3878

CAMPBELLSVILLE

Sunny Hill Dr. church of Christ A.M. Worship 9:30 A.M., A.M. Bible Study 10:30 A.M. A.M. Worship 11:30 A.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Steve Lee (270) 789-1651 stevelee4510@windstream.net www.sunnyhillcoc.com

CANEYVILLE

Caneyville church of Christ 103 N. Main St. • P.O. Box 233 Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:45 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Jarrod Jacobs (270) 589-4167 or (270) 274-3065

DANVILLE church of Christ Worship 10 A.M., Bible Study 11:15 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: B.J. Sipe (859) 236-4204

FRANKLIN

31–W North church of Christ 1733 Bowling Green Road Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Steve Monts, (270) 776-9393 www.31wchurchofchrist.com

HODGENVILLE Hodgenville church of Christ 613 S Lincoln Blvd. Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Don Brady (270) 358-6053 Dbrady1295@aol.com

LEITCHFIELD

Mill St. church of Christ 733 Mill Street, Highway 62 E. Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:55 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Michael Hardin (270) 259-4968 or (270) 300-3239 www.millstreetchurchofchrist.org

LOUISVILLE

Valley Station church of Christ 1803 Dixie Garden Drive Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. Evangelist: Dudley Ross Spears (502) 937-2822

—— Church Directory

LOUISIANA

GONZALES

Southside church of Christ 405 Orice Roth Road, 70737, (Baton Rouge area) Bible Class 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: R.J. Evans (225) 622-4587 rievans@eatel.net

MANY

Lakeside church of Christ 12095 Texas Hwy. (Hwy. 6 W.) 12 miles west of Many Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (318) 256-9396

STONEWALL

N. DeSoto church of Christ 2071 Highway 171 (South of Shreveport) Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (318) 925-2733

MARYLAND

SEVERN Southwest church of Christ 805 Meadow Rd. Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. Evangelist: Brandon Trout (410) 969-1420 or (410) 551-6549 www.swcofchrist.com

MAINE

PORTI AND church of Christ • 856 Brighton Ave. Leave Maine Turnpike at Exit 48 (Breakwater School) Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Second service immediately following morning worship. Mid-week Bible Study. Please call for times & places. (207) 839-3075 or 839-8409

MICHIGAN

CEDAR SPRINGS

W. Michigan church of Christ Sr. Citizen Center, 44 Park Street (Grand Rapids Area) Worship 11 A.M., Bible Study 12:30 P.M. Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Joseph Gladwell, (616) 975-2778 westmichcofc10@vahoo.com

MINNESOTA

DULUTH church of Christ 4401 Glenwood St. Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Bible Study 5:30 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Taylor Ladd (218) 728-3233

ST. CHARLES

church of Christ 939 Whitewater Avenue Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Bible Study 2:15 P.M. Wednesday 7 P.M., call for location FREE Bible correspondence studies Evangelist: Robert Lehnertz (507) 534-2905

MISSISSIPPI

BOONEVILLE Oakleigh Dr. church of Christ 101 Oakleigh Dr. Bible Study 9:45 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 4 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Building: (662) 728-1942

CLINTON

McRaven Rd. church of Christ 301 McRaven Rd. (I20, exit 36) Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Leonard White (601) 925-9757 or 924-2645

MERIDIAN

Grandview church of Christ 2820 Grandview Ave. Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Wednesday 6:30 P.M. Ron Cooper: (601) 934-3675 roncooper@bellsouth.net Ricky Ethridge: (601) 737-5778 rickymarsha@bellsouth.net

MERIDIAN 7th Street church of Christ 2914 7th Street Sunday Mornings: Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M.

SOUTHAVEN

church of Christ 2110 E State Line Rd. (Exit I-55), (Memphis area) Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: James A. Brown (662) 342-1132 - church Building

MISSOURI

BLUE SPRINGS Southside church of Christ 4000 SW Christiansen Worship 9 A.M., Bible Study 10 A.M. Worship 11 A.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Brett Hogland (816) 228-9262

BRANSON

Eagle Rock Road church of Christ 432 Eagle Rock Road Sun. Worship 9:30 A.M., Bible Study 10:30 A.M. Sun. Evening Worship 2 P.M., Wednesday 6 P.M. Minister: Philip North (417) 239-1036 Email: primrosenor@suddenink.net www.eaglerockroadchurchofchrist.org

CAPE GIRARDEAU

Cape County church of Christ 2912 Bloomfield Rd • Cape Girardeau, MO 63703 (573) 837-1001, capecountycoc@gmail.com, www.capecountvcoc.com Sun. Bible Study 9:15 A.M., Sun. Assembly 10 A.M. Wed. Bible Study 7 P.M. Seth McDonald Jerry Lee Westbrook

DONIPHAN

Southside church of Christ Hwy. 142 E. ½ mile (P.O. Box 220) Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (573) 996-3251 or 996-3513

FAIR GROVE

church of Christ 217 N. Orchard Blvd. Bible Study 9 A.M., Bible Study 10 A.M. Worship 11 A.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Walter Myers (417) 830-8972 or (417) 736-2663

KENNETT

church of Christ 703 Harrison St. Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (573) 888-6778 or (870) 650-1648 Preacher: Nolan Glover www.westsidechurchofchrist.us

LILBOURN

church of Christ 211 Benton Street First Worship 9 A.M., Bible Study 10 A.M., Second Worship 10:45 A.M, Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Ben Lawrence, (501) 470-5390

RAYTOWN

Sterling Ave. church of Christ 5825 Sterling Ave. (Near Sports Complex) Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Justin Berss (816) 356-3096 or (270) 320-6157 www.sterlingavechurchofchrist.org

ST. JAMES

church of Christ 685 Sidney St. Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:15 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Lynn Huggins (573) 265-8628

ST. JOSEPH

County Line church of Christ 2727 Ćounty Line Rd. Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 9:50 A.M. Wednesday 7 P.M. (816) 279-4737 www.countylinechurchofchrist.com

NEBRASKA

BEATRICE Church of Christ • 7th and Bell Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 6:30 P.M., 233-4102 or 228-3827 www.churchofchrist7bell.com

NEVADA

RENO Central church of Christ 2450 Wrondel Way, Stuite A Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (775) 786-2888

NORTH CAROLINA

CHARLOTTE Charlotte church of Christ 5327 S. Tryon Street Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Sun. Worship 10:30 A.M. Wednesday 7:30 P.M. (704) 525-5655 www.charlottechurchofchrist.org

OHIO

BEAVERCREEK Knollwood church of Christ 1031 Welford Drive Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:20 A.M. and 3 P.M., Wednesday Bible Study 1 P.M. For Adults and 7 P.M.all ages. Evangelist: Heath Rogers (937) 426-1422 www.knollwoodchurch.org

CINCINNATI

Blue Ash church of Christ 4667 Cooper Road Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:45 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Russell Dunaway, Jr. (513) 891-3174 www.blueashchurchofchrist.com

CLEVELAND Lorain Ave. church of Christ

13501 Lorain Ave. Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:00 P.M. (330) 723-0111 or (330) 590-0227 or (216) 322-9392 www.lorainave-churchofchrist.com

COLUMBUS

Laurel Canyon church of Christ 409 McNaughton Road Bible Study 9:45 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (614) 868-1375, *www.lccoc.net*

DAYTON

West Carrollton 28 W. Main Street, 45449 Early Worship 9 A.M., Bible Study 9:30 A.M. Worship 10:25 A.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelists: Michael Grushon (937) 866-5162 or Alan Beck (937) 469-3311 www.wc-coc.org

FRANKLIN

Franklin church of Christ 6417 Franklin-Lebanon Rd. 45005 Sun. Bible Study 10 A.M. Sun Worship 10:45 A.M. Tues. Bible Study 6:30 P.M. Evangelist: Josh Lee (937) 789-8055 or (937) 746-1249, www.franklin-church.org

FREMONT church of Christ

3361 W. State Street, 1 mi. W. of Fremont on U.S. Rt. 20 Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:45 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (419) 849-3340 or 849-2980 www.fremontchurchofchrist.com

HAMILTON

Westview church of Christ 1040 Azel Ave. Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 9:45 A.M. Evening 6:30 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Eugene Ford (513) 856-9288

HILLIARD

church of Christ 4840 Cemetery Rd. Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. (614) 876-4089

MANSFIELD

Southside church of Christ 687 Mansfield-Lucas Road Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:45 A.M. Wednesday 4:30 P.M. James Bond: (419) 564-3878 Mr. Kim Walton: (419) 651-3488 church: (419) 522-8982 https://northsidecofc.us/

NEW LEBANON

New Lebanon church of Christ 1973 W Main Street Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M., Evening 5 P.M., Wed. Bible Study 7 P.M. Evangelist: Bruce Hastings (937) 687-7150 or (937) 478-0367

MARIETTA-RENO

Marietta-Reno church of Christ 80 Sandhill Road Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6:30 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Daniel Ruegg: (740) 222-9160 or Steve Foutty: (740) 473-9028

NORTHWOOD

Frey Road church of Christ 4110 Frey Rd. (Toledo Area) Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Donald Jarabek (419) 893-3566, (567) 694-5062

UHRICHSVILLE

church of Christ 638 Parrish Street Bible Study 9:45 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6:30 P.M., Mid-week 6:30 P.M.

OKLAHOMA

MCALESTER North A St. church of Christ 2120 No. A Street Bible Study 9:45 A.M., Worship 10:45 A.M. Evening 5:30 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Rob Lungstrum, Cell: (918) 931-1362 Office: (918) 423-3445

OKLAHOMA CITY

Seminole Pointe church of Christ 16300 N. May Avenue Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: John M. Duvall (405) 340-3189 or (405) 513-6691, www.seminolepointe.church

Church**Directory**

OREGON

SWEET HOME

Church of Christ 3702 E. Long Street, Sweet Home, OR Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 7 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. Building: (541) 367-1599

PENNSYLVANIA

PHILADELPHIA

church of Christ 7222 Germantown Ave., 19119 Bible Study10:15 A.M., Worship11:15 A.M. Tuesday night 7 P.M. Evangelist: James H. Baker, Jr. (215) 248-2026 www.mtairvchurchofchrist.org

SOUTH CAROLINA

COLUMBIA Lower Richland church of Christ 3000 Trotter Rd. (Hopkins, SC) Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (803) 730-0452, http://lowerrichlandchurch.org

SUMTER

Woodland church of Christ 370 Broad St. Extension Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5:30 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: A.A. Granke, Jr. (803) 499-6023

WEST COLUMBIA

Airport church of Christ 4013 Edmund Hwy. (Hwy. 302) OUR WEB SITE DISPLAYS OUR CURRENT ASSEMBLY SCHEDULE. Evangelist: Terry W. Benton, Bldg. (803) 834-6978 http://airport-church-of-christ.com

TENNESSEE

COLUMBIA

Mooresville Pike church of Christ 417 Mooresville Pike 41/ Mooresville Pike (& mi. N. of Hwy, 50/Jas. Campbell) Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 3:30 P.M., Wednesday T P.M. (931) 388-5828 or (931) 381-7898 www.mooresvillepikecoc.com

COSBY

COSBY Cosby church of Christ 4894 Hooper Hwy., 37722 (15 mi, E. of Gatlinburg on Hwy. 321) Bible Study 10A.M., Worship 11A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday Bible Study 6:00 P.M. Evangelist: Olie Williamson (472) 497 Erdone (472) 724 0 001 (423) 487-5540 or (423) 748-0844

JACKSON

Sunset View church of Christ 3618 Hwy 70 East (Exit 87 off I-40, 7mi. @ Spring Creek) Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Steve Wilkerson (731) 967-0590 or 968-9851

JOHNSON CITY

Brookmead church of Christ 2428 Lakeview Drive Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Kevin Kay (423) 282-6251 or 426-1836

JONESBOROUGH

11-E church of Christ 240 Headtown Road Bible Study 10:30 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Evangelist: David Wheeler (423) 557-9119 or (423) 948-6464 www.christianadmonisher.jigsy.com

KINGSTON SPRINGS

Kingston Springs church of Christ 350 North Main Street Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Steve Walker, www.kscoc.com

MT. PLEASANT Locust St. Church of Christ

108 Locust Street • Mt. Pleasant, TN 38474 931-379-3704 or 931-964-3924 Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Daniel H. King, Sr. www.lscoc.com

KINGSPORT

Kingsport church of Christ 4938 Fort Henry Dr. • P.O. Box 554 Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5:00 P.M., Wednesday 7:00 P.M. Evangelist: Tom Kinzel, Bldg.# (423) 239-3979 or (423) 579-2002 • www.kptcoc.org

MARYVILLE

Smokey Mt. church of Christ 2206 Montvale Road Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Harold Tabor (865) 977-4230 Lon Spurgeon (865) 388-8749 http://tinyurl.com/smchurch

MEMPHIS

Rocky Pt. Road church of Christ 516 E. Rocky Point Rd., Cordova Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10A.M. Wednesday 7 P.M. rockypointchurch@gmail.com www.rockypointchurch.org

MURFREESBORO

Cason Lane church of Christ 1110 Cason Lane Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (615) 896-0090 (Building) www.casonlanechurch.org

MURFREESBORO Northfield Blvd. church of Christ 2091 Pitts Ln. at Northfield Blvd. Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: David Bunting (615) 893-1200

NASHVILLE

Hillview church of Christ 7471 Charlotte Pike Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (615) 952-5458 or (615) 356-7318 Evangelist: Lee Wildman

NASHVILLE

Perry Heights church of Christ 423 Donelson Pike Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 9:55 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Johnny Felker (615) 883-3118 http://perryheights.faithweb.com

SHELBYVILLE

El Bethel church of Christ 1801 Hwy. 41-A North Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 9:50 A.M. Evening 5:30 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Donnie V. Rader (931) 607-9099 dvrader@live.com

SHELBYVILLE Shelbyville Mills church of Christ 1222 W. Jackson St. Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Jeff Curtis (931) 607-9118 djcurtis1963@hotmail.com

TEXAS ALLEN

West Allen church of Christ 1414 W. Exchange Blvd. (2 miles west of Hwy. 75) Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 9:50 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. Evangelist: Jerry King (214) 504-0443 Building phone (972) 727-5355

ALVARADO

I-35 church of Christ E. Service Rd. off I-35, N. of Alvarado Bible Study 10:00 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6:00 P.M., Wednesday 7:00 P.M. (817) 295-7277 or 790-7253

ALVIN

Adoue St. church of Christ 605 E. Adoue St Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. Evangelist: Mark Mayberry (346) 216-1707 www.ascoc.org & www.markmayberry.net

AUSTIN

Schultz Lane church of Christ Faber Rd. & Schultz Ln., Pflugerville, TX 78660 Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 2 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. Evangelist: Ron Lehde

BAYTOWN

church of Christ at Pruett & Lobit 701 North Pruett Street Bible Study 9:45 A.M., Worship 10:40 A.M. Evening 6:30 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Jesse Flowers (281) 515-8939 Building: (281) 422-5926, Weldon: (713) 818-1321

BEAUMONT

Dowlen Rd. church of Christ 3060 Dowlen Road Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelists: Max Dawson & Benjamin Lee (409) 866-1996

CONROE

Woodland Hills church of Christ 410 Woodland Hills Dr., 77303 Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. phone: (936) 756-9322 www.conroechurch.com

CORPUS CHRISTI

Worship 10 A.M., Bible Study 11 A.M. Worship 10 A.M., Bible Study 11 A.M. Worship 12 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. Call for location: Keith Kalies (361) 776-2304 or Patrick Frazier (361) 235-1990

DICKINSON

church of Christ 2919 FM 517 Road E. Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:50 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 9:45 A.M. Wednesday 7 P.M., (281) 534-4870 www.dickinsonchurchofchrist.org

DALLAS

Methodist Street church of Christ 211 Methodist St. • Red Oak TX, 75154 Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: D. LeRoy Klice (972) 576-3119 or 363-7672 www.methodiststreetchurchofchrist.com

DUNCANVILLE

Whispering Hills church of Christ 2126 S. Main (South Dallas) Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (214) 874-5701, info@whchurchofchrist.net

EDNA

church of Christ 301 Robison Street Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (361) 782-5506 or 782-2844

EL PASO

Eastridge church of Christ 3277 Pendleton Road Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (915) 855-1524

FORT WORTH

West Side church of Christ vrest side Church Of Christ 6110 White Settlement Rd. 76114 Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. (817) 738-7269

GRANBURY

church of Christ 4313 Old Granbury Road Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M. , Wednesday 7 P.M. 817-913-4209 or 817-279-3351

HOUSTON

Fry Rd. church of Christ 2510 Fry Road (77084) Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:20 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. www.fryroad.org

HOUSTON

Spring Woods church of Christ 9955 Neuens Rd. at Witte Road Worship 9 A.M., Bible Study 10 A.M. Worship 11 A.M., Evening 6 P.M. Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: (713) 419-1750 www.springwoodschurchofchrist.com

IRVING

Westside church of Christ 2320 Imperial Dr. (closest to DFW Airport) Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 9:50 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. Evangelist: Mark Roberts (972) 986-9131 www.JustChristians.com

IANCASTER

Pleasant Run church of Christ 831 W. Pleasant Run Road Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:20 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. (972) 227-1708 or 227-2598

LUBBOCK

Indiana Avenue church of Christ 6111 Indiana Avenue Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (806) 795-3377 www.lubbockchurch.com

LUFKIN

Timberland Dr. church of Christ 912 S. Timberland Drive Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 9:50 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7: P.M. Evangelists: Harold Hancock & Reagan McClenny (936) 634-7110 or 632-7070

MANSFIELD

Northside church of Christ 1820 Mansfield-Webb Road Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:20 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 5:30 P.M. www.northsidecofc.us Evangelist: Tom Roberts (817) 466-3160

NACOGDOCHES

Stallings Dr. church of Christ 3831 N.E. Stallings Drive Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:20 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelists: Randy Harshbarger & Jay Taylor

— Church Directory

PLANO

Spring Creek church of Christ 2100 W. Spring Creek Pkwy., (North Dallas Suburb) Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. (972) 517-5582, www.planochurch.org

SAN ANTONIO

Grissom Rd. church of Christ 5470 Lost Lane at Grissom Rd. San Antonio, TX 78238-2700 Bible Classes 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday (Ladies Class) 10 A.M., Wednesday (Bible Class) 7:30 P.M. Evangelist: Terry Starling www.grissomroadcoc.org

SAN ANTONIO

Pecan Valley church of Christ 268 Utopia Avenue, (I-37 S.E. Exit Pecan Valley) Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Clyde W. Carter (210) 337-6143

SHERMAN

Westwood Village church of Christ 314 N. Tolbert Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Ronald Stringer

TEMPLE

Leon Valley church of Christ 4404 Twin City Blvd. Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. Evangelist: Jason Garcia yourfriendjgar@gmail.com www.biblemoments.org

WACO

Sun Valley church of Christ 340 E Warren St (in Hewitt, a suburb of Waco) Bible Class 5:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5:00 P.M. Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Marc Smith (254) 292-2482 or 652-7698

THE WOODLANDS

Woodlands church of Christ 1500 Wellman Road • P.O. Box 7664 (77380) Bible Class 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:20 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. (281) 367-2099 www.woodlandschurchofchrist.org

VIRGINIA

CHESAPEAKE Tidewater church of Christ 217 Taxus Street Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Steve Schlosser (757) 436-6900

CHESTER

Chester church of Christ 12100 Winfree St., (Central to Richmond, Hopewell, Petersburg, & Colonial Heights) Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5:30 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. church Building: (804) 796-2374, (804) 385-2725 or (804) 271-0877

RICHMOND (METRO)

Courthouse church of Christ Courthouse Rd. at Double Creek Ct. (2.2 miles S of Rt. 288) Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 5 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangalist: Nathan L. Morrison (804) 790-1629 www.courthousechurchofchrist.com

RICHMOND

Forest Hill church of Christ 1208 W. 41st Street Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6:00 P.M., Wednesday 7:00 P.M. Evangelist: Jack Bise, Jr. (804) 233-5959

RIDGEWAY

church of Christ 2970 Old Leaksville Road Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 5:30 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (276) 956-6049 www.churchofchristatridgeway.com

ROANOKE

Blue Ridge church of Christ 929 Indiana Avenue N.E. (5 min. from Roanoke Convention Center) 1st Lesson 9:15 A.M., Bible Study 10 A.M. Worship 11 A.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. (540) 344-2755

VIRGINIA BEACH

Southside church of Christ 5652 Haden Road Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Robert Mallard (757) 464-4574

WASHINGTON

BELLINGHAM Mt. Baker church of Christ 1860 Mt. Baker Hwy. Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. Evangelist: Joe Price (360) 752-2692 or 380-2960 www.bibleanswer.com/mtbaker

SEQUIM

Sequim church of Christ American Legion Hall 7 W. Prairie St. at Sequin Ave. Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Wednesday night Bible study 7 P.M. Evangelist: Jerry MacDonald (360) 808-1021 or biblepage@att.net www.churchofchristinseauim.com

ТАСОМА

Manitou Park church of Christ (meets at Gray Middle School) 6229 S Tyler Street Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Wednesday 7 P.M. (253) 242-3098 tacomachurch@gmail.com www.tacomachurch.com

WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON Oakwood Road church of Christ 873 Oakwood Road Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:50 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. oakwoodrdcoc@suddenlinkmail.com www.orcc.org • (304) 342-5637

CLARKSBURG

Westside church of Christ Davisson Run Road Sunday Morning 9:30 A.M. (304) 622-5433 www.westsidechurchofchristwv.net

FAIRMONT

Eastside church of Christ 1929 Morgantown Avenue Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:45 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (304) 363-8696 or (304)844-2437

GLADESVILLE

Gladesville church of Christ 2906 Gladesville Rd., Independence, WV 26374 Sunday Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 10:45 A.M. Sunday 7 P.M., Wednesday 7 P.M. (304) 864-3078

MOUNDSVILLE

Moundsville church of Christ 210 Cedar Street Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10:30 A.M. Evening 6:30 P.M., Mid-week 7:30 P.M. Evangelist: Tony Huntsman (304) 845-4940

PARKERSBURG

Marrtown church of Christ 825 Marrtown Road Bible Study 9:30 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 7:30 P.M. (304) 422-7458 or 893-5227

WYOMING

RANCHESTER

Ranchester church of Christ Hwy. 14 West, Ranch Mart Mall Bible Study 9 A.M., Worship 10 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday 6:30 P.M. Contact: Bob Reich (307) 655-2563

CANADA

CALGARY, AB Northside church of Christ 803 20A Avenue NE Bible Study 10 A.M., Worship 11 A.M. Evening 6 P.M., Wednesday Bible Study 7 P.M. +1 (403) 452-5116 www.churchofchristcalgary.com

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